

# a.T.T.S. Newsletter

# The Official Jaurnal Of The American Tax Token Society ANA C-69092 TAMS 2334

Val. I, Na. 6

January-February 1972

Sales Dax Dokens

3rd Edition — Revised 1971 Prepared By: EMIL DI BELLA (ATTS H-2)



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#### (CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS ATTS NEWSLETTER)

#### PRIVATE ISSUES

#### **CALIFORNIA**

OAKLAND—cardboard 1 x 3" imperforated Leighton's Dairy Lunch: 5¢ white reprint 25¢ blue reprint

10¢ green reprint 30¢ yellow reprint 15¢ yellow reprint 20¢ pink reprint 20¢ pink reprint

SAN FRANCISCO: cardboard 1 x 3" perforated; Leighton's Dairy Lunch:

 5g white reprint
 25g blue reprint

 10g green reprint
 30g yellow reprint

 15g yellow reprint
 35g gray reprint

 20g pink reprint
 15g orange ORIGINAL

SAN JOSE—cardboard 34  $\times$  31/2" perforated strips of 10 tokens: Warboy's Drug Co.

 1/4 Mill
 white
 small type printing

 1 Mill
 white
 small type printing

 1/4 Mill
 white
 large type printing

 1 Mill
 white
 large type printing

STOCKTON—cardboard  $44\times31/2^{\prime\prime}$  perforated strips of 10 tokens: Warboy's Drug Co.

 1/4 Mill
 orange
 small type printing

 1 Mill
 orange
 small type printing

 1/4 Mill
 orange
 large type printing

 1 Mill
 orange
 large type printing

 1/4 Mill
 pink
 small type printing

 1 Mill
 pink
 small type printing

Warboy's Drug Co. — 11/2 x 31/2" strips of 20 tokens:

1/4 Mill orange small type printing small type printing 1 Mills orange 1/4 Mill large type printing orange 1 Mill orange large type printing 1/4 Mill small type printing pink 1 Mill pink small type printing

WARROY'S

Y MILL

WARROY'S

Y MILL

WARROY'S

NILL

WARROY'S

MILL

#### CHECKLIST (Continued from previous page)

SAN FRANCISCO:

White Log Tavern (parforated)

% × 7" 1/4 Cent blua strlp of 8 tokens 2 x 31/2" 1/s Cant brown & blue block of 8 tokans

SAN JOSE:

Warboy's Drug Co. — 11/2 x 31/2" strips of 20 tokens:

1/4 Mill whita 1 Mill white

small type printing

1/4 Mill white

larga typa printing

1/4 Mill white large type printing

1 Mill white large type printing

1/4 Cent black ink-reverse green % x 7" strlp of 8 tokens

#### OAKLAND:

White Log Tavern 1/2 Cent green 2 x 31/2" block of 8 tokens

#### SAN FRANCISCO:

1/2 Cent red 1 5/8" round cardboard

#### **ILLINOIS**

CHICAGO—Tax Paid on \$1.00 sale — Cardboard:

Kramar Drug Co. 3 Cants blue 11/2 x 2" Thompsons Restaurant 3 Cents gray 1 1/8 x 2" 3 Cants pink 2 Cents pink Thompsons Rastaurant 2 x 3" Thompsons Rastaurant 2 x 3" 1/3 Cent gray 1/3 Cent yellow 1 x 2" Thompsons Rastaurant 1 x 2" Messingers Raklios  $2 \times 4^{\prime\prime}$ 3 Cents graan

PEORIA:

Sutliff & Case Co. 1/3 Cent white paper 1 x 2"

#### **IOWA**

Thompson's Restaurants 3 Cents tax paid on \$1.00 green paper 2 x 3"

#### KENTUCKY

TIBAH LOUISVILLE M. H. Taylor Tax on 1S Cents-blue cardboard 41/2 x 23/4"

2 x 3"

Arctic Ice Co. Tax on 5 Cents brass siza 11

Arctic Ice Co. Tax on 10 Cents brass size 11

1/2 Cent

#### MICHIGAN

GRAND RAPIDS Milk Daalers 1 Mill round cardboard white 11/4"

#### **NEBRASKA**

OMAHA Chambar of Commerca round cardboard red & blue 11/2" no value OMAHA Tangier Temple - A.A.O.N.M.S. cardboard red & blue 11/2" no value

#### NORTH CAROLINA

F & W GRAND STORES white paper receipts 1 3/8 x 3":

Tax on 10¢ (H. L. Green Co.)

Tax on 15¢ (H. L. Green Co.)

Tax on 2 Tax on 20g (H. L. Green Co.) Tax on 25¢ (H. L. Green Co.)

McLELLAN STORES white papar receipts: 1/3 Cant large printing 1 7/8 x 2 3/8" 1/3 Cant small printing 1 7/8 x 2 3/8"

SILVER'S STORES white paper receipts: Tax on 35c (H. L. Grean Co.) 2 x 3"

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO. blue paper receipts: Tax on 3S Cents 1 7/8 x 2 7/8"

#### CHECKLIST (Continued from previous page)

ROSES'S 5, 10, 25¢ STORES white paper receipts: 1/3 Cent small printing  $2 \times 3''$ 1/3 Cent larga printing 2 x 3" S H. KRESS STORES yallow papar raceipts 1/3 Cent block printing 2 x 3" 1/3 Cent script printing 2 x 3" EAGLE 5¢ TO \$1.00 STORES blue-graen paper raceipts 1/3 Cant block printing 1 7/8 x 3" 1/3 Cant script printing 1 7/8 x 3" NEW8ERRY'S white paper receipts: 1/3 Cent block printing 2 x 3" 1/3 Cent script printing 2 x 3" BEN FRANKLIN STORES paper receipts: 1/3 Cent blue paper 1 7/8 x 2 7/8" FRENCH'S VARIETY STORES paper racaipts : 1/3 Cent pink 1/3 Cant white 1 7/8 x 2 7/8" 1 7/8 x 2 7/8" CHARLES STORES CO., INC. papar racaipts: 1 7/8 x 2 7/8" 1/3 Cent pink F. W. GRAND STORES paper receipts: Tax on 35 Cents green (H. L. Green Co.) 1 3/8 x 3" STATESVILLE: Post Office Lunch 1/3 Cent white cardboard 11/2 x 21/2"

#### WEST VIRGINIA

#### (All paper receipts - 1 Cent Value each)

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.	
Yellow, large type printing	2 × 31/4"
Yellow, small typa printing	2 × 31/4"
Yellow, Ige. script type printing	2 × 31/4"
Yallow, small script type printing	2 × 31/4"
SILVER'S STORES:	
White, large typa printing	1½ x 2¾"
White, medium type printing	11/2 × 23/4"
White, small type printing	11/2 x 23/4"
Whita, vary large type printing	11/2 x 23/4"
	172 X 274
J. G. McCRORY CO.	
White, large typa printing	13/4 × 2 7/8"
White, small type printing	13/4 × 2 7/8"
White, Ige type ptg. different wording	134 x 2 7/8"
J. J. NEWBERRY CO.	
White,	13/4 × 3"
S. S. KRESGE CO.	
Yellow,	2 x 31/4"
Pink.	2 × 31/4"
	2 × 374
G. C. MURPHY CO.	
Green, large type printing	134 x 3 1/8"
White, small typa printing	11/2 × 21/4"
W. T. GRANT CO. Cardboard Receipts:	
5 Cents orange large type printing strip	of 8 2 × 5 1/8"
5 Cents orange small type printing strip	of 8 2 x 5 1/8"
G. C. MURPHY CO. Cardiboard Recaipts:	
5 Cants green strip of 8 2 x 5 1/8"	
5 Cents blue green strip of 8 2 x 5 1/6	/0#
5 Cents blue green strip of 8 2 x 5 1/	. 0

#### UNOFFICIAL ISSUES

(The following were manufacturer's samples and not used for circulation)

#### COLORADO

2 Mills	fiber	size 15	Cross	Sales Tax-dark red
2 Mills	plastic	size 15	Solid	Sales Tax-green TR.
2 Mills	plastic	size 15	Solid	Salas Tax—rad-TR. (thin letters)

#### **MICHIGAN**

(All paper re	ceipts):		
3/100	Cents tax on 1¢	yellow	1 x 1½"
6/100	Cents tax on 2g	pink	1 x 11/2"
15/100	Cents tax on Se	blue	1 x 1½"
3/10	Cents tax on 10g	It. yeliow	1 x 1½"
3/4	Cents tax on 25¢	gray	1 x 11/2"
1 V2	Cents tax on 50g	white	1 x 1½"
3	Cents tax on \$1.00	pink	1 × 1½"
15	Cents tax on \$5.00	It. blue	1 x 1½"
3/100	Cents tax on 1¢	pink	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
6/100	Cents tax on 2¢	lt. blue	41/2 x 13/4" 5trip of 5
15/100	Cents tax on 5¢	blue	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
3/10	Cents tax on 10¢	yellow	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
3/4	Cents tax on 25¢	white	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
11/2	Cents tax on SO¢	It. yellow	41/2 x 13/4" 5trip of S
3	Cents tax on \$1.00	pink	41/2 x 13/4" 5trip of S
15	Cents tax on \$5.00	It. blue	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
		PENNSYLVANIA	
(All paper re	celpts):		
15/100	Cents tax on 5¢	blue	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of 5
3/10	Cents tax on 10d	orange	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of 5
3/4	Cents tax on 25¢	white	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
11/2	Cents tax on 50¢	yellow	41/2 x 13/4" Strip of S
3	Cents tax on \$1.00	salmon	41/2 x 13/4" 5trip of S
15	Cents tax on \$5.00	green	41/2 x 13/4" 5trip of S
		UTAH	
S Mills	red TR.	size 1S	solid Sales Tax
2 Mills	brown TR.	size 1S	solid Sales Tax
5 Mills	brown TR.	size 15	solid Sales Tax
(The following	two tokens have 2 M	ill value on one side a	and S Mill value on the reverse): solid Sales Tax
	dk. red brown-TR.	size 1S	solid Sales Tax
5 Mills	dk. red brown-TR.	size 1S	20HG Sqiez Lax

(Checklist now camplete)

# New Sales Tax Token Readings

In the past few months several articles authored by ATTS members have appeared in journals other than the ATTS Newsletter:

#### TAX TOKEN TALLEY

January 1971: "Alabama Sales Tax Takens" by Mike Pfefferkarn June 1971: "Smidgets" by Gearge Frakes

August 1971: "Alabama Catalag — Revised by Mike Pfefferkarn

#### THE NUMISMATIST

January 1971: "Mare Light On Sales Tax Takens by Jerry F. Schimmel (with phatas)

#### TOKEN AND MEDAL SOCIETY JOURNAL

June 1971: "Sales Tax Takens—An Update" by Jerry Bates (with phatas)

August 1971: Thase Tax Takens: Numismatics, Philatelics, ar What?" by Jerry Schimmel (with phatas)

### Illinois Sales Tax Tokens By Jerry Bates

# Illinois State Issues: A Photo Study





IL-1 (a) Rd. Alum. Thin Letters
IL-1 (a)E Rd. Alum. Thin Letters, w/"Retailer's" error





IL-1 (b) Rd. Alum. Medium Letters





IL-1 (c) Rd. Alum. Thick LettersIL-1 (c)E Rd. Alum. Thick Letters, w/"Retoiler's" error



IL-2 (o) Sq. Alum. Thin Letters



IL-2 (b) Sq. Alum. Medium Letters (Photos courtesy of Syd Joseph).

### More Bad News

More bod news for those who had a complete set of Illinois provisional metal soles tax tokens and for those who are trying to fill in all varieties: add Die 1 and Die 2 to Mercer.

Die 1: extending the froction bor upwards, it will intersect the left-hond side of the letter "E" in the word "SALES."

Die 2: ogoin extending the froction bar upwards, it will go into the space between the letters "E" ond "S" of the word "SALES," fovoring the letter "S".

This voriety is not nearly as pronounced as the vorieties of the Rock Island and Moline issues, but, checking closely, it

(Continued on next page)

The medium variety listed here (IE-1, b) has heretofore not been reported. It is opporently very hord to find; in searching through over 20,000 Illinois round tokens only one was found, while the thin and thick oppeared in nearly equal numbers. Note the difference in thickness of the entire number "1" on the reverse side of the medium, as compared to the thick and thin varieties. It may well be that many have the medium variety, but believe it to be the thick variety.

Note that the word "OF" is closer to the word "ILLINOIS" on normal round varieties than it is an the error variety. A close study of the reverses will show that this is true of the thin, medium, and thick normal round varieties.

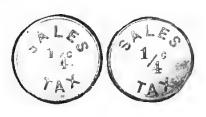
The photos of the squore token are included here to allow comporison of the various letter sizes. The thin letter token (squore) is almost identical to the thin letter (round), while the thick letter (squore) is closer to the medium letter (round). To fill in the gop, we shauld find a squore token that will compore with the thick letter (round) token. The square thin and medium variety tokens occur almost equally in a count of over 50,000 specimens.

#### More Bad News...

(Cantinued fram previous page)

will be apparent (especially if you have both dies). In the speciments gane through thus far, the quantity of each die is nearly equal.

(Note: Jerry is preparing a study of the Herrin (square) Illinois provisional soles tax taken).



Die 1

Die 2

# Follow-Up on Tazewell Co. Illinois Provisional Token

By Jerry Bates (ATTS F-1)

In a previous orticle on Illinois metal pravisional takens (ATTS Newsletter, Val. I, No. 3), I nated twa die vorieties far the Tazewell County taken; Die 1 was noted os having the fraction bar painting to the "N" in "COUNTY," and Die 2 os pointing to the "T."

Another die voriety hos been found, ond is nated as painting to the space between the "N" and the "T." So change Die 2 to Die 3, and list the new voriety as Die 2.

Oregon S.T.T. Tangent



A new anti-sales tax item has recently come to light: on ordinory pin-on button, appraximately 37mm in diameter (see otoqual above). This item was issued in 1968-69, os part of the campaign to defeat a proposed 3% sales tox low, which under Oregon pracedure requires a voter-approved constitutional omendment. Oregon hos o long history of defeating proposed soles tax lows; the election held on June 3, 1969, produced results no different fram those of all ather sales tox elections os for back as 1933. Oregon remains one of the few sales tax "holdauts" in the notion.

Jerry Schimmel hos oll of the buttans left over from the futile compoign. He is affering them in trade for "some sort of taken, not necessarily a sales tax taken, but not a circulated state-issue s.t.t. (unless it is unusual)" ond a self-oddressed stamped envelape. His address is P.O. Box 40888, Son Francisco, CA 94140.

Incidentally, the button hos on oddress on the bock. Jerry osks that no one try writing to that oddress, os it is a private residence (af the chairmon of the ontisoles tax campaign), and would be senseless since Jerry hos all af the remaining buttans.



This 1936 cordboard Missauri 'Milktap' is prabably o rore pottern. The coloring (orange and block) is correct, but the message is in block on the obverse, rather than on the reverse, os were regular state-issued 'milktops.' Compare with other printed reverse cordboard. (From the collection of Herb Hymer, who received this token in circulation in Missauri in the 1930's.)

1

# President's Message

I would like to moke note of the foct that ATTS will be a year old on January 23. My first announcement of ATTS' organizing effort went out an November 15, 1970, and we were helped along by a large, free od in the Numismotic News. Recognition needs to go to the men who have held ATTS together, especially Charlie Carter who fields all of the letters, etc., that come his way and keeps records. George Frokes gets the fun of keeping track of our money. Special thanks go to Ernie Altvater who is virtually financing ATTS by editing and printing the newsletter. Thanks are also due to our V-P, Mike Pfefferkarn, and Board Members — Jerry Botes, El Hubbard, and Ray Erkson. Glyn Forber our Librarian gets credit as does Jock Miller, our new Publicity man. Bill Voels on Membership gets his kudos. Here's to another year.

The questionaire brought out a number of suggestions for which I thonk the members. I hope that our Conadian members will not be discouraged by the results which show an inclination to retain the present name, and I don't think they mean "U.S. members only." The constitution of ATTS makes no provisions for nationality, and, if he were interested, a member residing in any country would be eligible for all priviledges. It is likely, though, that most of us are more interested in collecting and learning about tax tokens, than in arguing fine points of intro-society debote. We can work to minimize such non-collecting activity; at least that's the way I feel. We are still committed to an official bollot (which the questionaire was not), and which occompanies the annual dues notice. We shall postpone the Issue of a new emblem until the name business is cleared up.

Finally I would like to welcome Al Wick of St. Louis os Honorory Member No. 4. His two volume, mimeogrophed work of 1947 is not os well-known os some of those by earlier writers, but it is important and an original piece of work, titled State Sales Tox Tokens. The first volume deals with sales tox lows in most states, and the second is an olbum for the tokens of the states which issued them. All presently publishes and edits Hobbies To Enjoy, a quarterly magazine dealing with many a vocational interests. He would be happy to hear from you.

Jerry Schimmel

### Welcome, New Members

ATTS Secretory Charles L. Carter reports the applications of five new members. All five were contacted at the recent California State Numismatic Assn. meeting in Sonto Manico, California. They are os follows:

- 129. G.A. Tiffs, VenIce, CA (Altvoter)
- 130. Harold B. Butner, 18432 Kingsdale Ave., Redondo Beoch, CA 90278 (Altvoter)
- 131. Jeonne L. Kiehl, La Crescenta, CA (Schimmel)
- 132. Byron Burke, 2364 No. "G" Street, Son Bernardino, CA 92405 (Schimmel)
- 133. Richard F. Herberg, 413 Hillside Blvd., Doly City, CA 94014 (Schimmel) Changes of addresses:
- 90. C.E. Parker, 1207 Burrows Ave., Winnipeg, Manitobo R2X OS3 (New Zip Code)
- 103. Richard E. Lone, 4419 Sqaulicum Lake Road, Bellinghom, WA 98225

# California's 'Almost' Token





By Jerry Schimmel (ATTS F-3)

The token illustrated above never existed. The drawing is a canceptian af a taken which was planned far use in Colifornia and designed by a cammittee of merchants with the opproval of the California State Board of Equalization (tax ogency). Colifornio's sales tax laws went into effect an August 1, 1933, and an September 20th the merchants came up with five specifications far a soles tax token. The specifications, according to the San Francisca Chronicle, were as fallows:

- (1) There cauld be no use of the name ar seal of the state
- (2) The tax token would be octagonal;
- (3) The metal would be oluminum;
- (4) The size would be "between 5≠ and 25¢ coins;"
- (5) Obverse legend: "Gaod for tox an o five cent purchase"

Reverse legend: "Not redeemable in cosh or trode."

Althaugh the state taken idea was drapped about two weeks later, the Board of Equalization had given an o.k. for merchants to issue their own "house money." Thre Colifornio firms are known to have done so: Leighton Doiry Lunches; White Log Taverns; and Warboy's Drug Campony of Californio. Far further infarmatian an Califarnio private issues, refer to Emil Di Bella's check list ond George W. Magee, Jr.'s "Specialized Catalogue of U.S. Sales Tax Tokens."

## Membership Drive Winners

The 1971 Membership Drive came to its afficial clase an December 15, 1971. ATTS Secretary Charles L. Carter onnaunced the winners, os follows:

First Prize (1963 Proof Set): Paula Stayner;

Secand Prize (BU Silver Dollar): Glyn Forber;

Third Prize (Five BU 1955-s Cents): Herbert Hymer.

Jerry Bates, Jerry Schimmel, and Ernie Altvater disquolified themselves because of their positions in the society. Botes enlisted eight members, Schimmel nine, and Altvater three. In addition, Secretary Corter facilitated the opplications of 27 new members through inquiries about ATTS.

William Voels danated the prizes far the Membership Drive. Mr. Voels has been very generaus ta ATTS, hoving also donoted several items far the ATTS Auction.

Our sincere thanks to William Voels, and congratulations to the winners.

# Mavericks

(Continued from Issue No. 2)

6. Aluminum; 37mm (1½mm thick); round

OBV.: "A VOTE FOR TITONE IS A VOTE FOR REPEAL OF THE SALES TAX/NO/ SALES/TAX."

REV .: "YES/TITONE/FOR/STATE SEN-ATE/26 S.D."

(reported by Jerry Schimmel).

### Questionaire Results Reported

ATTS Secretory Chorles Corter has filed the following report on the recent questionaire mailed to all members:

- Nome of Organization: 38 of 54 responding chose to retain the present name, the American Tox Token Society. North American Tox Token Society came in second with 9.
- Organization Emblem: 36 of 45 responding to this question chose to retain the existing emblem.
- 3. Dues: 31 of 50 responses to this question indicated a preference to retain dues of the present level of \$2.00 per year. \$3.00 was preferred by 10 respondents, while five chose \$4.00. (Note: dues remain of \$2.00 for 1972)
- Newsletter Nome: of 48 responses, 31 fovored retention of the present "ATTS Newsletter." Choice number two wos "NATTS Newsletter," which received 3.
- Newsletter Content: 41 responding members indicated they liked the present content of the newsletter; many useful suggestions were also received (and appreciated—Ed.)
- 6. Poid Advertising: of the 48 who responded to this question, 41 fovored retention of the present 3-cents-per-word policy.
- 7. Troding Post: 41 respondents also fovored retaining the "Trading Post" as is.
- Ad Results: 39 members reported they had not placed as (poid or Trading Post) in the ATTS Newsletter. Of the five who reported they have placed as, two reported good results, 3 poor results.
- Token Folder Project: 17 responses received, of which 6 fovored Whitmon-type folder, 4 feel they would not use such o folder, and 2 fovor o folder for Illinois provisional issues.
- "Further Thoughts:" Among other comments, the need for STI cotologue numbers was discussed; general comments of satisfaction over ATIS progress expressed.

### Be Sure To Vote



Enclosed with this issue of the ATTS Newsletter is the ballot colled for by an action of the Board of Directors in September. Please vote for one name for our organization, and for one name for this newsletter. Sign the ballot, and send it (along with your dues envelope) to ATTS secretary Charles Carter in the addressed envelope. Be sure to mail your ballot early, as it is due by February 21, 1972.

### 1971 Financial Statement American Tax Token Society

Prepared by George Frakes, ATTS Treasurer

INCOME:						
Budgeted	Actual					
70.00	68.00	\$1.00 Memberships (68)				
	1.00	\$1.00 Associate Memberships (1)				
160.00	128.00	\$2.00 Memberships (64)				
20.00	20.00 20.00 \$20.00 Life Memberships (1)					
120.00	40.00	\$40.00 Life Memberships (1)				
	4.00	Renewals (2)				
45.00	38.60	Donations				
	13.32	Advertisements				
	9.90	Auction				
	2.10	Auction Advance				
	17.51	Extro Newsletters Purchased				
	1.50	Miscellaneous				
415.00	343.93	Total Income	343.93			
EXPENSES:						
8udgeted	Actual					
5.89	8.19	Bonk Service Chorges				
2.35	2.35	Checks				
2.40	2.40	Endorsement Stamp				
	4.00	T.A.M.S. Membership, 1971				
	15.00	A.N.A. Membership, 1971-72				
44.44	49.82	Newsleter Postoge				
78.00		Secretory Expenses				
41.66	83.15	President's Expenses				
174.74	165.91	Total Expenses	165.91			
		BALANCE, 31 DECEMBER 1971	178.02			

### 1972 Dues Are Now Due

Enclosed with this issue of the ATTS Newsletter is an envelope in which 1972 dues may be placed and sent to the Secretary of ATTS, Charles Corter, 721 Glencoe St., Denver, CO 80220. Dues are \$2.00 for one year regular membership, \$1.00 for one year ossociote membership, and \$40.00 for Life Membership.

Even if you are a Life Member, or if you have already poid your dues for 1972, be sure to fill in the information for the 1972 Membership Directory. Be sure to list what types of STT's you callect (state issues, private, provisional, III. provisionals, Ohio receipts, etc.), as well as your other collecting interests.

### **Example of Tax Token System Given**

To illustrate the use of sales tox tokens, the following "Schedule of Charges" is reprinted from the July 15, 1935, edition of a Chicago newspaper. The tokens referred to are, of course, Illinois "Retailers' Occupation" Tokens.

	On	purchase of		Tax is	
1	to 4	cents	no to	оx	
5	cents		1 tol	cen	
6	to 10	cents	2 tol	cens	
11	to 15	cents	3 tok	ens	
16	to 2	4 cents	4 tok	ens	
21	to 25	cents	5 tok	ens	
26	to 30	cents	6 tok	ens	
31	to 33	cents	1 co	∍nt	
34	to 38	cents	1 tok	en one	d 1 cent
39	to 43	cents	2 tok	ens ond	1 cent
44	to 48	cents	3 tok	ens ond	1 cent
49	to 53	cents	4 tol	ens one	1 cent
54	to 58	cents	5 tol	ens one	1 cent
59	to 63	cents	6 tok	ens ond	1 cent
64	to 66	cents	2 cer	nts	
		cents			d 2 cents
72	to 76	cents	2 tok	ens ond	2 cents
		селтя			
		cents			
		cents			
		cents			2 cents
97	cents	to \$1	3 cer	ıts	
	_				

THE ATTS NEWSLETTER is the official journal of the American Tax Token Society, and is published to serve and inform the members of the Society. Contributions of articles, listings, and pertinent news are welcome.

Deadline for receipt of copy (articles, listings, ads, and news) is the first doy of each odd-numbered month. Newsletter is published and distributed by the 21st of each odd-numbered month.

Advertising rates: 3 cents per word. All advertisements ore subject to spoce availability. "Trading Post" ods ore free to members in good standing, on an every-other-issue basis; such free ods ore limited to 25 words ond may not include ony item for sole.

Additional copies of the ATTS Newsletter and back copies (subject to availability) may be purchosed through the ATTS Editorial Office at the rate of 25c for non-members and 10c for members.

ATTS EDITORIAL OFFICE, 2327 Pattiglen, Lo Verne, CA 91750

#### CANADIAN SALES TAX RECEIPTS

GROUP ONE (Only 1 set available)

British Calumbia: 12 different singles

News Brunswick: 11 different singles, 9 panes of 4

Nova Scotia: 5 different singles

Ontario: I single

Prince Edward Island: 13 different singles, 2 panes of 4

Quebec (includes pravincial, provincial & municipal): 14 different singles

Saskatchewan: 6 different singles.

A TOTAL OF 62 DIFFERENT SINGLES, 11 PANES OF 4

Price: \$135.00, postpaid, insured.

Details to serious, interested persons.

GROUP TWO (limited number available)

10 Different Canadian Singles, from 4 Pravinces. Price: \$10.00, postpaid.

**JERRY BATES** 

P.O. BOX 777-AT

ST. CHARLES, MO. 63301

25 different circulated state issue tokens, my choice f-au (no culls). \$1.50 postpaid.
30 different Ohio Vendars and/ar Consumers halves, my choice. 50c postpaid.
My list still has many unc. state issues and provisional pieces.

Jerry Schimmel

P.O. Box 40888

San Francisco, CA 94140

# Trading Post

One free ad per member every-other issue Twenty-five word limit.

FREE FOR SELF-ADDRESSED ENVELOPE AND TWO 8¢ STAMPS:

Schmal's 1966 draft state issues tax token catalog (through Louisiana). Hurry, very few left. Jerry Schimmel, P.O. Box 40BBB, San Francisco, CA 94140.

LET'S TRADE: My Astaria and Casey for Depue or my Astoria and ? for it. Alsa, want Moline copper, die 1; Moline alum. (a) die 1; (b) die 2; and (c) die 2: Rock Island alum. (a) die 1; (c) die 2. Have Randolph County original cardboard STT's to trade. Jerry Bates, Box 777, St. Charles, MO 63301.



a.T.T.S. Newsletter

The Official Journal Of The American Tax Token Society ANA C-69092 **TAMS 2334** 

Val. 2, No. 1

Morch - April 1972



# Dick Johnson's Missouri Mills Revisited

By Jerry Schimmel (ATTS F-3) Photos by Syd Joseph (ATTS 54)

Late in 1943, aur country was deeply invalved in World War II, and had committed a good portion of its resources to the wor effort. Shortages, rotioning, and priorities offected the availability of items previously abundant in the day-to-day lives of most Americans. In the State of Missouri, one of the locks came to be a locally-supplied metal, zinc, which, along with metals like oluminum and capper, had been diverted to the war effort. Zinc had been in use as the staple caining metal for Missauri's soles tox takens since 1937, after the cardboard "milktops" of 1935 and 1936 had been abandaned. The state was faced with the fact that new metal tokens could no longer be delivered and that this situation cauld remain for an unpredictably long wor durotion. A "na-taken" brocket system had been in use by the sales tox affice since the previous December, until some solution to the token supply problem could be faund. After several months of few ar no takens in circulation, the fallowing item fram the Konsas City Star tald samething of the autcame.

#### "PLASTIC TOKENS EASE PINCH

#### "Only Red 1-Mill Pieces are In Circulation Now

"Jefferson City, Sept. 3 (AP)-- Nearly 4 million of Missouri's flashy new sales tax

tokens made of plastic went into circulation this week to relieve a growing shortage of the zinc-tokens which the war made impossible to get.

"Only the red 1-mill tokens have been received so far, but G.H. Bates, state sales tax supervisor, said he expected to get some green 5-mill pieces in a few weeks. About 3 million more tokens will be received each week until 50 million have been obtained, he said."

Later, on the 30th, the Star reported:

"BACK TO A MILL BASIS

"Tokens to Replace Bracket System October 1

"Fifty Million Plastic Tax Coins Ease the Emergency Caused by Wartime Shortage of Zinc

"Merchants who have been collecting pennies on small sales instead of the cor-(Continued on next page)

#### (Continued fram previous page)

rect tax in mill tokens, often incurring the displeasure of the customer, soon will be required to return to the old legal method of collection under a ruling isssued by G.H. Bates, state sales tax supervisor.

"The 'bracket system,' never authorized by law, was put into effect last December as an aid to tax collection when the supply of zinc mills became so depleted the state could not supply sufficient quantities for making change. Forrest Smith, state auditor, said it was an emergency measure.

auditor, said it was an emergency measure.

"Substitution of 50 million plastic tokens for the zinc mills, frozen by war demands for the critical metal, will enable the state to supply sufficient tax money to

permit merchants to comply with the law as it is written, Bates said."

Except far about twa years in 1947-49, the plastic takens supplied far Missauri were made by the Ingwersan Manufacturing Campany of Denver. Far thase twa years some takens were provided by twa St. Lauis campanies, J.H. Hennessy Campany and D.M. Wright, Jr., Company. After the canfusian of the bracket-to-taken changeaver had been settled, these little tokens remained in use olang with the remaining zinc pieces until the spring of 1955, when takens were discontinued in favor of a permanent bracket system.

In early 1950, Dick Jahnsan, naw a well-known numismatist, and at that time a young mon in his lote teens, privotely published a large card listing mony of the die, transparency, and calar varieties to be found an plastic takens from Missouri. His notes, draft articles, and clippings reflected the several years of detailed study and the shifting of literally thousands of pieces. In the summer of 1970, I purchased the remainder of his stack of the cards and the unassembled mass of his papers. Among them was an unpublished article in draft form, apparently destined to accompany and clarify his card list. Although Mr. Johnsan has been retired for same years from the sales tax taken callecting field, it seems fitting to publicize his research more thoroughly, and publish it for the benefit of members of the American Tax Taken Society. Photos are included in the text to help identify the die types. The unpublished article and excerpts from his papers serve as a basis for the text of this one, although I also draw from my own observations. Many will recognize that I first used same of the following information in a brief addendum to accompany the cards as I sold ar traded them to collectors.

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF MISSOURI PLASTIC MILLS

The varieties of plastic takens seem boundless. They have characteristics in camman with metal takens, i.e., hardness, shape, and die variatians, but also ather qualities, calar, transparancy, and pliability, all of which need to be considered in their classification. In general, the Missouri plastic takens measure from 21 to 22 mm in diameter and are slightly more than 1 mm thick, with same variation due to the malding process. The legend reads simply, " • MISSOURI • SALES TAX TOKEN" with the numerals of value in the center of two concentric circles. In fact, the design for the Missouri plastics is no different than that for the plastic takens Issued by other states. However, the Missouris affer the greatest number of varieties, and Dick Johnson's research autlines most of them. The plastics were manufactured in the millions.

#### ONE MILL DIE VARIETIES

One of the qualities of the red ane-mill takens less readily abserved by the unaided eye are the die varieties. Dick Jahnsan wrate about them:

"...all red mills fall into four classifications, Varieties 1, 2, 3, and 4. Since the general design for both abverse and reverse is similar, this classification holds true for both sides. The best way to tell apart varieties is by abservation of the two rings around the number "1" in the center. There are also some differences in

#### (Cantinued fram previous page)

the lettering between each type, but the rings method affers a less mestakable way."

My awn abstrations confirm Jahnson's. Later, however, I discuss a fifth variety that Jahnson knew, but far same reason did not emphasize.



#### DIE VARIETY 1

Jahnsan decribed this variety as having "very narraw rings with a braad space between," and "the lettering is flat, similar ta that af #3, but smaller." My awn metric measurements show that the rings are less than ½ mm thick each, and about 1 mm apart. The rim is somewhat mare than ½ mm thick. The letters are "thin," although nat as thin as the "thin letters" variety discussed belaw. The tap surfaces appear canvex. The inner ring is less than

8½ mm in diameter on the inside. This particular die was the least aften used.



#### DIE VARIETY 2

This ane is described as having "medium size rings with a braad space between," and the "lettering has a raunded effect, similiar ta #4, but samewhat smaller." My measurements shaw each ring as being ½mm thick with a ½mm space between. The letters appear "thicker" than #1. The surface af the letters seems canvex, and the inside af the center ring measures about 7½mm in diameter. Variety 2 was also infrequently used for taken malds.



#### DIE VARIETY 3

This is described as having "narraw rings with a narraw space between," and "a flat lettering with the edges of the letters perpendicular to the base." I think that the rings do not appear as narraw as #1, but are less than 1/2 mm thick with a 1/2mm space between. The diameter of the inside circle is about 81/2mm. The letters appear to be flat on the surface, perhaps even a little cancave. This is the most cammonly used die of the four.



#### DIE VARIETY 4

Number 4 has "braad rings with a narraw space between," and "raunded lettering where edges are raunded in a balanced curve." My abservation shaws circles af slightly mare than ½ mm thickness, with ½mm space between. The distance inside the smallest circle is a little less than 8½mm. The letters appear to be the thickest of the series, and canvex in shape. Die #4 was also cammanly used, although apparently nat as frequently as #3.

#### (Cantinued from previous page)



#### "THIN LETTERS" DIE VARIETY

This is a variety that Mike Pfefferkorn and I have identified as a seperate die from the others, and one whase differences are readily absrvable. It was certainly known to Dick Jahnsan, and was depicted on his cord as a fovorite variety design, but not assigned a variety number. It is probably included under his item #1-D8, along with a #4. The surfaces of the rings and letters are flot ar even cancave, and the letters have a delicate laok. The rings are

quite thick, like #4, slightly more than 1/2 mm thick with less than 1/2mm space between them. The diameter of the inside of the center circle is a little mare than 71/2 mm.

#### DIE COMBINATIONS

Peculiar to the ane mill takens are the passible cambinations of die varieties which might appear an a given taken. Belaw are ten that Jahnsan listed. The "thin letters" variety is not knawn in combination with any ather die.

1 & 1	2 & 2	3 & 3
1 & 2	2 & 3	3 & 4
1 & 3	2 & 4	4 & 4
1 & 1		

(TO BE CONTINUED IN NEXT ATTS NEWSLETTER)

## **Board Actions**

#### MOTIONS PASSED

Dec. 31, 1971:

Reimburses J. Schimmel in the amount of \$21.00 far Nav. questiannaire.

Reimburses J. Schimmel in the omaunt of \$14.84 for president's expenses, Jun. 1 - Nov. 31, 1971.

Feb. 3, 1972:

Reoffirms newsletter paid advertisementment rate at 3¢ per ward far members.

Reoffirms the ATTS Newsletter as Saciety publication.

Reaffirms cast af back issues of newsletter at 10¢ per copy far members, 25¢ per capy far nan-members.

Reappaints Jack Miller to serve as publicity choirmon concurrent with present officers' terms. Mar. 5, 1972:

Reoppaints E. Altvater as newsletter editar cancurrent with present afficers' terms.

Appaints Glyn Farber to fill vacant Board seat narmally to be filled by immediate post president concurrent with present officers' terms.

#### CONSTITUTION AMENDMENT PASSED

Revises Articles V and VI af the canstitution to expond the voting membership of the Society Boord of Directors to a total of nine. The two positions shall be filled by the newsletter editor and the immediate post president. If there is no such latter person, the Board shall fill the vacancy by oppointing from the membership.

# President's Message

The ballot results hove been tobuloted by Chorles Corter and are posted elsewhere in this newsletter. You voted to retain the name "American Tox Token Society" by on even greater margin thon you did on the questionnoire. So that's where our name stonds. One of our Canadion members added a remark on his bollot, "I do not feel that the name is o porticularly important matter--interest, however, should be widely defined." Traditionally, the study of any and all Canadian soles tax emisions has been a part of the Soles Tox Token field since Emil DiBello published his first list in 1944. We're as much a U.S. and Canadian group as ony!

Another member doubted the wisdom of the Society spending toa much of its effort on non-token octivities. Since most of our members are token-colecting oriented, I doubt whether there is a danger of the Society drifting too for from tokens. However, we have been set up from the beginning to include anything related, in-

cluding paper and cardboard items.

A new member of ATTS is Guy H. Bates, retired now from the State of Missourl Department of Revenue. Mr. Bates was Supervisor of the Soles Tox Department during the 1930's and 40's, and was responsible for the introduction and management of the soles tax program from its Inception. Board member Jerry Bates (no relation) poid the dues for his membership. It is nice to have someone with us who helped to make

Over the lost two months the Board possed o constitutional omendment enlarging the Board of Directors from seven to nine voting members. The bosic change involved wos the oddition of the newsletter editor, which is customory in most groups. The ninth position ollowed on unplanned opening for the immediate post president, whose membership is mandatory. Since there is no such person of this time, the Board must oppoint a member to fill the vaconcy. In this cose, Glyn Forber, our librarion, was chosen. Normally, a decision of this magnitude would be brought before the membership, but there are now only a few months before the election of officers is held. The addition of Ernie Altvoter and Glyn gives ATTS o broader decision-moking

Jerry Schimmel

### **Election Results**

base, and brings two men in their twenties into positions of importance for ATTS.

ATTS Secretory Charles Corter reports the following results of the recent ATTS special election:

A NAME OF SOCIETY.

. NAME OF SOCIETY:	B. NAME OF NEWSLETTEK:
American Tox Token Society47	ATTS Newsletter
North American Tox Token Society9	NATTS Newsletter
All OthersB	All Others

Syd Joseph recently did a series of photos for ATTS, mony of which you see in this issue, others you will see as time goes on. Approximately 35 photos were mode. He hos osked for no cosh poyment, ond would like tokens in exchange for his work if he can get them. Your Board hos explored this idea with him,

ond he hos opproved, that is, that every ATTS member donate to him one or two tokens tokens from their duplicates. Syd specializes in transpartation tokens and tokens or medals that relate to or commemorate transpartation. Send your contributions to Syd Joseph, 870 South Hudson Street, Denver, CO 80222.

40 .B 11

### Welcome, New Members

ATTS Secretory Chorles Corter reparts that as af March 1 there were 7 new opplications far membership. They ore:

134. Bloine M. Simans, 1131 Augusto Woy, Salt Lake City, UT B410B (Sec'y).

135. William P. Hartmon, 3112 Ookland, Konsas City, KS 66102 (Schimmel). (Bornes).

136. Chorles V. Koppen, 2201 Peachtree Lane, San Jose, CA 9512B

137. O.R. Bloom, Barbertan, OH 44203

13B. Clarence J. Symes, Bax 527, Vass, NC 2B394 (Bates). 139. Rabert S. Eddy, IV, New Orleans, LA 70124 (Frakes).

140. Jaseph V. Bush, P.O. Bax 665, Banito, CA 92002 (Bates).

LIFE MEMBERSHIP:

L-30. Horold Dan Allen, Nava Scotio Teochers College, Truro, Nova Scotia.

ADDRESS CHANGES:

85. Alexander H. Erickson, 629 Riverside Dr., Madison, WI 53704.

104. Dee D. Drell, 6B3 B Kandle Ct., Ft. Benning, GA 31905.

77. M.E.T.C.A., P.O. Box 176, Richmond Beach, WA 98160.

F-36. Dovid A. Loadwick, PSC Bax 4542, APO New Yark, NY 09020.

F-9. Elbert S.A. Hubbord, 17 W. Son Fernanda, San Jase, CA 95113.

F-25. (effective April 15, 1972) Ernie Altvoter, 607 N. Oronge, Azuso, CA 91750.

DONATIONS TO ATTS:

F-32. Chorles T. Rodgers, \$10.00.

F-52. W.O. Ashworth, \$1.00.

### A.T.T.S. Auction Number Three

ATTS Auctian Number 2 was a bomb! Not a single bid was received on any of the seven items affered. Perhaps this is due to a lack af interest in coins among ATTS members.

As pramised, however, ATTS Auction Number 3 cantoins STT items. All six af the items listed are in demand omang soles tox token callectars, and bidding is expected to be octive.

The bidding rules for the ATTS Auction are os fallows: (1) Bid far each lat seperotely; (2) Pleose give ATTS membership number; (3) Lat goes to highest bidder; (4) In cose of tie high bid, earliest pastmarked bid is winner; (5) Final date for receipt of bids is the 15th of the next

even-numbered month fallowing distribution of ATTS Newsletter.

Final date far receipt of bids for ATTS Auctian Number 3 is April 15, 1972. Send bids ta George Frakes, P.O. Box 1427, Oceanside, CA 92054.

Lot 301: (1) \$1.00 unc. Ohio Punch Card, Arch Capsey;

Lot 302: (1) Set, Worboy's (CA) 1/4 mill; Lot 303: (1) Set, Warbays (CA) 1 mill;

Lot 304: "The Stary of the Illinois Provisianol Sales Tox Token," with unc. Carbondale Illinais taken;

Lot 305: (1) unc. Rainer (Wash.) 1/5¢ Cardboard;

Lot 306: (1) unc. Mecca Five Points Cofe (Wosh.) 1/5¢ Cardboard.

ALL MEMBERS WHO ARE NOT MEM-BERS OF THE A.N.A.: when you decide ta join, be sure ta send your application to Jerry Bates, aur ATTS-ANA club repre-

sentative, to have him sign as sponsor. This will give our club special credit that we can apply ogoinst our yearly ANA dues.







Due to space limitations, the photos of the abverses of Illinois state issues IL-1 (a) and IL-1 (c) were left out of the article in the last ATTS Newsletter ("Illinois State Issues: A Phata Study," Val. I, No. 6). To rectify our error, we illustrate above the abverses of IL-1 (a), (b), and (c); hapefully, this will give the callector better tools for distinguishing the three die varieties.

(Continued from Vol. I, No. 6)

7. Paper, red; 1" x 2"; black print. OBV.: "WEST VIEW PARK/MUNICIPAL TAX TICKET/1¢/ (Serial Number)" REV.: (blank)

(Reparted by Glyn Forber).

B. Paper, blue-violet; 15/16" x 2"; black

OBV.: "KENNYWOOD PARK / WEST MIFFLIN BORO / SCHOOL DISTRICT/ TAX TICKET / 1¢ (Serial Number)" REV.: (blank)

(Reported by Jerry Schimmel).

Jerry Schimmel believes that Moverick B may be from Pennsylvania, and that Maverick 7 is passibly also from that state. Jerry asks that anyone who can înform him os to the origin ond/or use of these tax tickets please cantoct him. Jerry also roises the question, "Are these tax tokens? " Do you think that such municipal tax items fall within the realm of our tax token callecting? Please let this newsletter hear your views.

Incidentally, we have yet to receive ony positive identification of ony of the first six Mavericks listed in previous ATTS Newsletter isssues. Please notify this newsletter if you have evidence of identification on ony Maverick listed In the ATTS Newsletter.

#### Another Calif. Meet?

Jerry Schimmel will prabably hold some kind of tax token callectors meeting at the upcaming California State Numismatic Assn. convention this spring. The convention will be held at the Paloce Hotel in San Francisco, April 21-23. The octivity will be held in canjunctian with other taken collector meetings, including thase af the California-Nevada Token Society (merchant tokens), and the Bay Area Taken Society (transportation, merchant, etc.). If he can get things together, local S.F. and nearby members will get mailed notices. If interested, cantact Jerry ot P.O. Box 40BBB, San Froncisco, CA 94140.

### Autograph Available

Mr. G.H. Bates has kindly consented ta outograph the Missouri cordboard STT's far any member who desires it.

Send ane set of takens along with a stamped addressed envelope, and request his outagroph. Please allow a little time for return af outographed takens.

Mr. Bates' background directly relates to the history of sales tax takens; he was the first Supervisar of Sales Tax in Missouri, the first Callectar of Revenue in Missouri, the Missouri State Treasurer in 1952, and the Missauri Cammissianer of Finance In 1957. Naw retired, and "87 years young," Mr. Bates, olong with Gavernor Forrest Smith, was responsible for the introduction of the Missouri cardboard takens.

Mr. Bates' address is 1023 Adams St., Jefferson City, MO 65101.

STT LIST — my latest ane (#7) has been molled to thase who have traded with me in the post. Over 300 items! Also, my list #8 (Miscelloneous and Assorted Tokens, junk, and paper treasures). This one isn't sent automatically. One 8¢ stamp will get you bath.

JERRY SCHIMMEL

P.O. Box 40888

Son Froncisco, CA 94140

#### CANADIAN SALES TAX TICKETS / RECEIPTS

GROUP I is gonel (Repotrioted to Canada)

GROUP Ib is now ovoilable! Consists af the following:

British Calumbia—9 singles, New Brunswick—1 single, Nova Scotio—5 singles, Ontorio—1 single, P.E. Usland—8 singles, Quebec—9 singles, Saskatchewan—5 singles....o tatal of 38 singles, PLUS these pones (full pone of 4 with top tab, cotolog numbers shown and catalog values noted are from Green's Catalogue of Christmas Seals, 1966 edition, with 197 supplement) New Brunswick—603 (15.00), 604 (20.00), 608 (2.50), 607 (2.50), 619 (2.50); P.E. Island—653.4 (double printed - red and blue) (25.00), 654 (10.00)...... a total of 7 full pones. ond blue) (25.00), 654 (10.00).... o total of 7 full panes.

PRICE FOR GROUP 16 (38 singles and 7 full panes)....\$87.50 (pastpaid

GROUP Ic: 22 different singles....\$27.00, postpoid.

GROUP II (10 different singles)—a few available at....\$10.00.

FULL PANES AVAILABLE: 654-1 at \$9.50; 609—1 ot \$2.00; 610-1 at \$2.00.

JERRY BATES

BOX 777

ST. CHARLES, MO 63301

# Trading Post

One free od per member every-other issue Twenty-five word limit.

WANTED: Depue, IL provisional, all Conadian, any stamped MO milktops. Write George Frokes, P.O. Box 1427, Oceonside, CA 92054.

WILL DO PHOTO WORK on your tokens in trade for takens that I need. Syd Joseph, 870 South Hudson Street, Denver, CO 80222.

TRADE STATE STT's far Illinois pravisionol  $\frac{1}{4}\phi$  tokens needed far my collectian. Lea A. Weilbocher, Jr., P.O. 8ox 142, Columbio, IL 62236.

ILLINOIS STT's WANTED: Astoria, Cosey, Depue, Herrin round, Moline oluminum very thin (1 mm), and Wyoming. Rabert Leonard, 7445 Churchill, Mortan Grove IL 60053.

LEFLORE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, wooden nickle free for o stomped self-oddressed envelope and maybe o spare waad nick af yaur own. Joe Erber, Box 1235, Greenwood, MS 38930.



# a.T.T.S. Newsletter

The Official Journal Of
The American Tax Token Society
ANA C-69092 TAMS 2334

Volume 2, Number 2

Moy - June, 1972



# Die Varieties of Illinois Round Sales Tax Tokens

By Robert Leonard (ATTS F-29)

Jerry Bates' orticle in the Jonuory-Februory, 1972, ATTS Newsletter, "Illinois State Issues: A Photo Study," should have cleared up, once and for all, the differences between the thick and thin letters varieties of the Illinois round sales tox takens listed by Di Bella. Unfartunately, it doesn't, as no such differences are apparent in the photographs. I have felt for some time that these varieties were an optical illusion and not true die varieties at all, and so made a detailed die study of the Illinois round takens, measuring distances between certain design elements to the nearest tenth of a millimeter. The results must not be considered the last ward on the subject, since I have gone through for less than 20,000 takens, but still worth consideration, I think.

Before getting into the minor voriotions, let's look at the obvious ones. The "RETAILER'S" (error) variety is not otherwise identical to the "RETAILERS" variety. Besides the difference in spacing between "OF" and "ILLINOIS" pointed out by Jerry Bates, a more obvious difference is the height of the word "MILLS" on the "OCCUPATION TOKEN" side. On the error token it is only 1.1mm high, but on the corrected token it is 1.4mm high. The difference in the shape of the "M" is apparent.

It would oppear from the photographs in Jerry's article that there are at least two dies for the "RETAILER'S" variety (IL-1[o]E fraction bar points to the "A" in "FINANCE," IL-1[c]E fraction bar points between the "A" and "N" in "FINANCE"), but I did not study this variety due to a lock of enough specimens. However, I have identified nine dies for the "OCCUPATION TOKEN" side of the "RETAILERS" variety. Their characteristics may be summarized as follows:

No.	Fration Bar Ends	A*	B**	Remarks
1.	Pointed	0.2mm	0.4mm	Oie break through period of "DEPT." other side
2.	Pointed	0.3mm	0.3mm	First "L" in "MILLS" slightly crooked
3.	Pointed	0.4mm	0.3mm	Oistance from right edge of "2" to right edge of "S" is 0.4mm; polished die with 2 die breaks ("1" through "M" to "U" and fraction bar through "S"); ex. Jerry Bates as "thick letters variety"
4.	Pointed	0.4mm	0.5mm	Oistance from right edge of "2" to right edge of "S" is 0.2mm
5.	Pointed	0.5mm	0.2mm	Oistance from right edge of "2" to right edge of "S" is 0.5mm; second "L" in "MILLS" slightly crooked
6.	Pointed	0.6mm	0.5mm	Distance from right edge of "2" to right edge of "S" is 0.5mm

#### Continued fram previous page)

7.	Pointed	0.6mm	0.6mm	Distance from right edge of "2" to right edge of "5" is 0.7mm; appears to be same as "medium let-
8.	Pointed	0.7mm	0.4mm	ters variety" (IL-1b)  Distance from right edge of "2" to right edge of "5" is 0.3mm
9.	Square	0.6mm	_	Other side appears to be same as "medium letters

\* (Distance between bottom of fraction bar and right serif of "1")

\*\* (Vertical Distance from bottom of "MILLS" to top corner of "U")

All dimensions given are estimates. It is difficult to measure the distances between elements exactly, especially an circulated specimens, since the sides of the letters are not or right angles to the field, but have a slight slope; also, dirt gets in between the letters. However, by making these measurements--even if slightly incarrect-- it is possible to determine whether are not two takens are from the same die. And some identifications do not depend an measurements; the square bor ends and polished

die vorieties are obvious to the naked eye.

I have examined only one specimen of each die, except far dies 5 and 9, af which I hove two eoch. This low number of duplicates suggests more dies remain to be discovered. We can make an estimate of how many were used from the mintage figures. In oll, 10,000,000 Illinais raund soles tox takens were struck. Allawing two dies for the errar and the nine here listed for the regular variety gives ue a total af eleven dies, with on overage of 910,000 tokens per die. The frequency of die breaks suggests that the maximum average was not under 200,000 strikes per die-even allowing for scropping the errar dies after o relatively short periad of use—which gives o maximum of 50 dies, ar 39 more dies, ot mast, yet to be identified. Perhops Jerry Bates, who seems to have the lorgest accumulation of these pieces, can persue this further and identify the remaining anes. (Nate: This whole analysis is bosed on ane side af the token only, and it might be questioned whether it opplies to the ather os well; I believe it does, because the Illinais soles tox tokens were not in continuous production over a period of mony months, but were struck and delivered in botches in o relatively short time. So it is likely that the dies were primarily prepared in poirs based an the number of stomping mochines avoilable to strike the arder, instead of attempting to minimize die usage by making mare reverse dies than obverse dies and replacing them as they were out, the way a gavernment mint would

But whot about the thick and thin letters varieties? In all nine dies examined, I cauld detect no difference in the thickness of the letters. Their spacing varies microscopically from die to die, but--os far as I could tell--the letter punches used are the same for all Illinois round takens (except for "MILLS" on the error taken). What Jerry Bates identified to me as "thick letters" die (3) seems to be merely a used, braken die which was graund dawn (porticularly around the edge) and polished to abscure the die breaks and extend its life. It certainly does laak different, but the letters are indistinct at the edges rather than actually thicker. As for the "medium letters" variety, the vertical line on the right side of the "1" which makes it look thinner is caused by vibrations of the die during striking, I believe. Both my specimens of die 9 have the effect of a dauble strike on all letters and numerals in the inscription on the "DEPT. OF FINANCE" side, although it is most naticable on the large "1". This side of die 7 also has this effect.

In my apinion, the lorge number of proctically indistinguishable dies used far the Illinois state sales tax tokens means that, for all but the most dedicated specialist, these takens should be colected by type only--one each of the raund "RETAILER'S", the raund "RETAILERS'", and the square tokens making a complete set.

### Dick Johnson's Missouri Mills Revisited

By Jerry Schimmel (ATTS F-3)

Phatas by Syd Jaseph (ATTS 54)

(Cantinued from previous ATTS Newsletter)



FIVE
MILLS
DIE
VARIETIES



Standard Variety

"Thin Letters" Die Variety

The green and grey five mill takens have anly twa knawn dies, as shawn above The "standard" has a numeral "5" with a clearly circular lawer portion, and thicker letters in the legend. The "thin letters" variety, again nat mentioned by Johnson, is similiar to the one mill variety in all respects except color and denomination. The numeral "5" in this latter variety is squared with rounded corners, and definitely a campanian to its one mill counterpart. There are no known die cambinations among the five mill plastics.

#### **COLOR VARIETIES**

The calar range in both denominations is extensive and lacking an agreed-upan colar chart, a printed description is nearly impossible. Hawever, fram my own collection here are a few of my subjective color designations for the ane mill takens: reddish arange, wine red, red with an orange tint (the mast camman), dark red with a bluish tint, and red-brawn; and for five mill takens: pale green, bright Kelly green, pale bluish green, dark forest green, at ve drab, bluish grey, and steeel grey. Same takens have streaks af colar threaded through them. I have reds with grey streaks and grey takens with green streaks. The plastics are apparently affected by sunlight, although little research has been dane on that aspect. Johnson's color designations have been unchanged in the list which appears later in this article.

#### TRANSPARENCY-OPACITY

Both denaminations vary considerably in this characteristic. By "transparent" it is meant that the token has a crystal appearance when held up to the light and the design of the opposite side is clearly visible. "Translucent" means that light is visible through the taken without the crystal quality, and the design of the opposite side is hazy "Opaque" means that na light is visible through the token. Most tokens fall somewhere an a continum between transparent and opaque. Some tokens have spats or streaks of apaque ar transparent plastic.

#### **BRITTLENESS-PLIABILITY**

Several tokens are stiff and breakable, and have a definite ring when dropped an a hard surface, much like a metal coin. Most do not. Tokens with a "ring" seem to break more easily. Some takens will bend considerably before they break, and others will not break short of crushing them in a vice. There seems to be some correlation between the transparency of a piece and its brittleness.

#### (Continued from previous page)

#### DIE ROTATION

When obverse ond reverse dies were rototed, Johnson denoted them os "crisscross." "Rototion" refers to tokens where the numerols "1" on both sides oppear os on "X" when held up to light. Johnson's designations of "perfect" meant that the numerols "1" on each side coincided when held to the light, that is, they were not rototed Rototed dies are known so for only on the one mill denomination and oppear to be fairly common.

#### MOLD EXTRUSIONS

Since plostic tokens were molded and not struck, a fine line around the rim can always be seen where the molds were joined. Occasionally, when the molds were imperfectly closed, molten plostic was forced through the joint, leaving a flop of plostic attached to the token on the rim. Johnson mentioned these on his original cord. In his article he wrote, "...for mills there are some to be found with little strips of plostic along the edges where the plostic has squeezed out, emerged from between the dies. These I call die breaks." Tokens with the extrusions seem to be rother rare.

#### THE LIST: MISSOURI MILLS - VARIETIES AND SUB-VARIETIES

Below is Dick Johnson's list, slightly modified in the use of some terms, but essentiolly the some. The numering system is still his and uses the simpe Roman numerols "I" and "V" to represent denominations. Upper cose letters stand for the color-transparency combinations, arabic numerols for the combinations of die varieties on any one taken, and lower cose letters stand for varieties of rotated dies and/or mold extrusions. Therefor, when one wishes to describe a taken, one writes #1-D6, or if he wants to clarify that the dies are not rotated, he writes it #1-D6a. And so an for the five mill takens.

D ~ ~	0	AATII	Tokens

A. Orenge, trensperent

1. Dies 3 & 3

e. non-roteted b. roteted

B. Red. trensperent

1. Dies 3 & 3

e. non-roteted

C. Dull Red, trensparent

1. Dies 2 & 2

e. non-roteted

b. roteted 2. Dies 2 & 4

e. non-roteted

b. rotated

3. Dies 3 & 3

4. Dies 4 & 4

D. Light Red, trenslucent

1. Dies 1 & 1

2. Dies 1 & 3

e, non-roteted

b. roteted

3. Dies 2 & 2

a. non-roteted b. roteted 4. Dies 2 & 3

5. Dies 2 & 4

e. non-roteted

b. roteted

6. Dies 3 & 3

e. non-roteted b. roteted

c. mold extrusion

7. Dies 3 & 4

8. Dies 4 & 4

e. non-rotated

b. roteted

E. Medium Derk Red, slightly trenslucent

1. Dies 1 & 3 2. Dies 2 & 4

3. Dies 3 & 3

e, non-roteted

b. roteted

4. Dies 3 & 4

5. Dies 4 & 4

F. Derk Red, very slightly translucent

1. Dies 1 & 3

a. non-rotetad

b. roteted

2. Dies 2 & 2 3. Dies 2 & 3

4. Dies 2 & 4

#### (Continued from previous page)

5. Dies 3 & 3
a. non-rotated
b. rotated
c. mold extrusion
6. Dies 3 & 4
7. Dies 4 & 4

a. non-rotated

b. rotated

#### V. Green and Grey Five Mill Tokens

A. Light Graen, transparent, thin letters B. Dark Green, transparent

C. Light Blue-Green, transparent

D. Dark Green, translucent

E. Grey, opaque F. Drab, Opaque

#### RARITY SCALE

The careful, poinstaking analyses by Dick Johnson become apparent when one first sees the ratia count of each die combination per one thausand tokens that he perfarmed. Each variety listing was analysed as ta how aften it occured, a job that will probably never be attempted again, let alone equalled. The rority scole below is one that I devised based on Jahnson's figures, and is submitted with the understanding that oll infarmatian may not yet be available. The five mill tokens were manufoctured at a ratia of about one taken ta five one mill takens, and this hos been taken into account in making the list. It begins with the most rore through to the most common.

1. 1-E4	5. 1-D1	11. I-D7	17. I-A1	23. I-F5
2. I-E1	6. I-F1	12, I-E7	18. V-F	24. I-D5
1-E2	7. I-C3	13. V-E	19. I-D3	25. V-A
I-F2	1-F4	14. I-E3	20. V-D	26. V-B
1-F6	8, V-C	15. I-C4	21, 1-81	27. I-DB
3, 1-C1	9. I-C2	16. I-D4	22. I-D2	2B, I-D6
4. 1-F3	1D. I-E5			

Even though other varieties may turn up, the list does give the collector o choice of 32 die-color-transparency varieties, and if he is interested, he con olso search for the 15-odd varieties relating to rotated dies and mold extrusions. Plastic tokens are o low-cost field and virtually obtainable for nothing in circulated condition. He may cost ten ar fifteen cents for uncirulated specimens, but a colector risks little in further exploration of this series. He can spend many rainy days on their study and orrangement using these guidelines.

## Welcome, New Members

ATTS Secretary Charles Carter reports that as af May 1 there were six new opplicotians for membership. They ore:

141. G.H. Bates, 1023 Adoms St., Jeffersan City, MO 65101	(Bates)
142. Mark Gilbert, Warren, OH	(Bates)
143. Noland Cook, 8850 15th Ave. S.W., Seattle, WA 98106	(Bates)
144. Robert Swain, 301 Emerson, Modesto, CA 95350	(Schimmel)
145. William H. McNeil, Port Arthur, TX	(Forber)
146. J. Richard Wogner, 2760 N. Cerrito Circle, Tucson, AZ 85719	(Schimmel)

Honarary Membership os passed by the Board of Directors and occepted:

H-5 Charles H. Lipsky, 1225 Day St., Galesburg, IL 61401

### ATTS Auction Number Three and One-Half

Believe it ar nat, ATTS Auction Number 3 was a bamb—just like Number 2! Gearge Frakes is tearing his hoir aut trying to came up with auction material that STT collectars would want to purchase far their collections. All six of the items contained in Auction Number 3 are in demand among sales tox taken callectars, and could be purchased for a very reasonable amount through the auction. And yet, not a single bidder. Either the post office isn't delivering Gearge's mail ar everyone fargot to send in his bid. We are, therefor, combining the Items from ATTS Auction Number 3 with the items Gearge had planned to use as Auction Number 4——hence, Auction Number 3½.

Please refer to ATTS Newsletter Valume 2, Number 1 far bidding rules. Finol date far receipt of bids for ATTS Auction Number 3½ is 45, 1972. Send bids to George Frakes, P.O. Box 1427, Oceanside, CA 92054.

Lat 301: (1) \$1.00 unc. Ohia Punch
Card, Arch Capsey;
Lat 302: (1) Set, Warboy's (CA) ½ mill;
Lot 303: (1) Set, Worbay's (CA) 1 mill;
Lot 304: "The Stary of the Illinais Provisianol Sales Tox Token," with unc.
Carbondole Illinois token;

Lot 305: (1) unc. Rainer (WA) 1/5¢
Cardboard;

Lot 306: (1) unc. Mecca Five Points Cafe

(WA) 1/5¢ Cardboard;

Lat 401: (1) Moline (IL) olum., unc., thin variety;

Lot 402: (1) Rock Island (IL), alum., unc.; Lot 403: (1) Taulan (IL), alum., unc.;

Lot 404: (1) Jacksonville (IL), brass, type 3, circ.;

Lat 405: (1) Moline (IL), capper, circ.; Lat 406: (1) Kiethsburg (IL), capper, AU;

Lot 407: (1) St. Anne (IL), capper, AU.

### Mavericks Seven and Eight Identified

Richard A. Gaetand (ATTS 117) has infarmed us that both West View Park and Kennywood Park are omusement parks in the Pittsburgh, PA, area. The tickets described in the "Mavericks" section of ATTS Newsletter (Vol. 2, No. 1; items 7 & 8) were purchosed seperately fram ride tickets, the first to poy the tax on the second. (Mr. Gaetana informs us that the two tickets are now combined into one ticket.) Robert B. Friend, County Cantraller of Alleghany County, PA, was contacted and asked what type of tax these tickets represented-sales tax, amusement tax, or other type of tox. His reply was:

"The toxes you have in mind are 10 percent amusement, nat soles tax, imposed by the several school districts of the area. Receipts go for the general fund expenses of the schools.

"All of the districts have levied the toxes for appraximately 12 years under the outhority granted by the State Legislature. It was dane to give the schools o broader tox base and to relieve real estate of the whale problem. Subdivisions in Pennsylvania connat levy a sales tax os such. That is a levy reserved and imposed by the state."

Thus, movericks 7 and 8 con now be positively eliminated fram cansideration os sales tox tokens. It is encouraging to receive such quick proof or disproof of soles tox mayericks.

If your membership number is circled on the Newsletter address label ar is listed below, this is the lost ATTS Newsletter you will receive if your dues are not received before July 1, 1972.

<sup>11, 19, 23, 24, 29, 31, 35, 37, 42, 46, 58, 61, 62, 63, 66, 70, 74, 75, 80, 81, 86, 87, 88, 93, 99, 102, 106, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, 115, 118, 121,</sup> 

### Bates Proud Owner of Randolph Originals

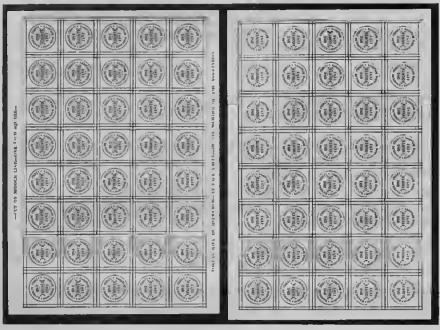
In the revised edition of his "Specialized Cotologue of U.S. Soles Tox tokens," published in 1936, George W Magee, Jr., listed the Rondolph County cordboard token, and had this to say about the issue: "Reliable authorities declared that no specimens of this loken could be secured." And so he had a special reprint made for identification, and on the back of each token he corefully placed a rubber stamp reading, "THIS TOKEN IS A REPRINT."

For over three decodes collectors of private and provisional tokens have searched in voin for the Pondalph County (type B) original token. In July of 1969, Jerry Bates made the discovery of a lifetime--TWO original sheets of the tokens; one sheet had been cut into 16 pieces of vorying sizes, and one sheet was still uncut with all

40 specimens intoct.

Pictured here are reduced photos of both the original and reprint sheets, along with Jerry's chart of differences between the two printings.

	ORIGINAL	REPRINT
PRINTING:	Black ink	Block ink
PAPER:	Buff	Manilo
WIDTH:	212mm	217mm
HEIGHT:	148.75mm	142.75mm
WORDING: Heod:	-CUT ON MIDDLE LINE - ONE INCH SQUARE-	(none)
Foot:	TOKENS WILL BE REDEEMED - AT FACE VALUE - BY ANY MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATION	(none)
Reverse:	(none)	THIS TOKEN IS A REPRINT



#### CANADIAN SALES TAX RECEIPTS

.. At lang last, I have been able to acquire a small supply of them in Full Panes of 4 with the tap tab. Catalag numbers and values are fram Green's TB Seals of the Warld ('66 edition and '71 Supplement). Values are far singles, and generally a full pane with the tap tab is figured at 5 times a single; but I have figured anly 4 times a single, and then cut that down to my selling price.

NEW B	RUNSWICK		Selling Price
*603	3.00		11.00
604	4.00		14.00
605	.75		2.75
, 606	.75	An error (606.1 et 2.50) occurs in position 3 on eech pene; Tabecco is spelled "Tabeoco"	4.25
607	1.00	•	3.50
608	.50	Pene size is 140 x 51mm	1.75
608	.50	Pene size is 135 x 51mm	1.75
609	.50	7 4 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	1.75
610	.50		1.75
611	1.50		5.50
	EDWARD IS	LAND	
*651.3	.75		2.75
652.4	.75	on smooth peper	2.75
652.4	.75	on coerse paper	2.75
*652.5	5.00		18.00
653.2	.75		2.75
*654	2.00		7.50
			84.50

Some of these pones show a watermark or piece of a watermark, which is a mare valuable pone, but they will be sent, without additional charge, while they last, to first arders received. SO--first come, first served.

(If you have samething I can use, am apen to trade affers.)

JERRY 8ATES

8OX 777

Δ

Δ

ST. CHARLES, MO 63301

# Trading Post

One free ad per member every-other issue Twenty-five ward limit.

Trading Canadiant I have about 10 diff. Canadian ST caupans available for takens ar other caupans I dan't have. 4 8.C., the rest Maritimes. J. Schimmel, P.O. 8ax 40888, San Francisca, CA 94140.

USDA Faad Stamp change caupans and takens wanted, fram any store ar grocery chain. Will buy ar trade. Have all types of numismatic items to affer. Elmer E. Wright, Box 221, Patamac, IL 61865.

My wife callects egg cups (the small [3" ar sa], china type). Will trade 15 takens (various types) far each egg cup she can use for her callection. Ernie Altvater, 607 N. Orange Avenue, Azusa, CA 91702.

DEADLINE FOR NEXT ISSUE IS JULY 1, 1972. PLEASE NOTE NEW ADDRESS OF THE ATTS EDITORIAL OFFICE: 607 N. Orange Ave., Azusa, CA 91702.

# a.T.T.S. Newsletter

The Official Jaurnal Of
The American Tax Token Society
ANA C-69092 TAMS 2334

Volume 2, Numbers 3 &4

(Cambined Issue)

July-October, 1972

### Observations About Ohio Tax Stamps

(Editor's nate: The article here presented was prepared by Mr. Robert Haynes, who has since passed away. Mr. Haynes fram time to time gave help to E. Hubbard when the latter was preparing his lists of Ohio sales tax receipts. Our purpose is publishing this article is to allow the members of A.T.T.S. to shore in Mr. Haynes' memories of the days of the Ohio sales tox receipts.)

#### by Robert Hoynes

Probably nobody in the State of Ohio expected the Sales Tox stomps, first put inta use back in 1935, nar the large number of varieties which would be issued befare they were finolly discontinued in 1961. Although most af the ather States, sooner or loter, had put a "Sales Tox" in operation, only Kentucky in 1936 issued 6 values, and evidently they were in use anly a short time.

During the years they were in use, they became very unpopulor with most business firms, due to the time-consuming report required every three months, os well as time af buying supplies of them, and in the earlier doys the low required each one to be torn before giving to the customer. This "tearing low" loter was either repeoled or gotten around by the Vendor using a "Clip Baard," with 5 or 6 brackets across it, which clomped a knife close to the dividing reculette or perfaration, between the 2 "holves" af the stamps (Vendors and Consumers), so after a few stamps were tam from the tap af a pack of 100, ar less, the "Consumers" half usually "come oway" with the serial number, as well as part of the left hand design, missing.

Larger firms usually stapled the stamps to the customer's invoice, so one finds quite a few with "staple hales."

The receipts from this Sales Tox ron into the millions of dollors, and sometime during the thirties (I believe it was) a law was passed, allowing non-prafit arganizations like churches, V.F.W., Boy Scouts, etc., ta save the stamps, ofter being used, and after sorting and bundling them by various denominations, ship them to the Tox Department in Columbus to be redeemed at three percent of face value. I was fortunate to be secretary of a men's closs at a church, and helped in the sorting and the counting af stamps they gathered, at the same time picking out and soving 10 to 15 of a kind of the low values through 15¢, which I baught before they were sent away. In the middle af the fifties I also aided the members of another church with a much larger membership, which would have a large cellophone bog full, usually 4 or 5 thousand stamps at a time, to make ready to ship and be redeemed. From the 3 or 4 lots that I looked over, and helped bundle, I picked out most of the undomoged capies, and calor varieties of the Merrick Ca. stamps, which were then in use, along with Reserve Litho Co. I found these in lats in which only about 10 to 15 percent of

the tatal stamps were undamaged, and learned that of all the values below \$1.50, the 12¢ was the scarcest. It represents the tax an \$4.00, and the 9 and 3 cent values, used by olmast all firms, answered the same purpose.

The higher values (\$1.50, \$3, and \$15) were very few, as they were usually used an purchases like electrical refrigerators, new ar used autas, etc., an which Sales price was several hundred up to thousands of dallars. There was a Catholic Parish down at North Bend, Ohia, where the priest, evidently getting information from public recards, wrate a farm letter to every purchaser of a new or used automabile, enclasing a stamped envelope for reply, and asking for the Tax Stamps used on the bill of sale. If he had good results from his letters, he evidently must have acquired and "cashed" into the State the biggest share of all the higher valued stamps ever used for auto sales.

During the 26- ar 27-year periad these stamps were in use, there were about 7 different elections and various changes af gavernars, and as each political candidate naturally favared the business firms which had contributed to his campaign funds, there were many different firms which printed the stomps, olthough some only printed a few in camparison with the tatal used, and these evidently were distributed anly in same sections at the state where there was a shartage of certain values at that particular time; thus, stamps fram W.P. Simpson, Strabridge Ca., and Superiar Printing Ca. af 1935, plus American Bank Nate Ca., af 1939, may hove anly been on sole in a few districts, and were never in general use in all parts af the state, and thus many "sleepers" and undercatalagued may be found among these issues.

Furthermare, fram about 1957-60, when there was political talk af discontinuing the issuance af the Sales Tax stamps, the firms printing them made every effort to use up the watermarked paper an hand, and the practice of placing the watermarks so they would shaw "narmal" an the back side anly was evidently discontinued, and everything was dane with a rush; thus the many watermarks in all positions. Alsa, the regulation colors were aften radically changed in order to also use up all ald ink. Thus cans of red ink, left open and exposed to otomsphere, changed to maraon ar lake, while other colors like the six-cent values of Merrick Ca. 1957-60 issues range from a crimson to brown-red to a deep purple, while their three-cent values of the same issue also have many calar varieties. The Calumbian issues of 1953-55 also have a wide variety of calars, as well as three different dies, differing in the size of the lettering used in the panels on the stamps as well as thickness of the figures of value.



### Photo Preview of Canadian S.T.T.'s

A.T.T.S. member Jerry Botes has been o very busy man lately; not the least of his several S.T.T. and numismotic projects is the discovery and cotologuing of many, many Canadian sales tax items that have heretafore been virtually unknown among S.T.T. callectars. Jerry's Canadian S.T.T. listing is still in progress, and he estimates that it will yet be a while before he has campleted it. Desiring that his listing be as camplete and occurate as possible before releasing it, Jerry cauld not yet furnish us with a "sneak-preview" list. Hawever, in order to what the oppetites of the many A.T.T.S. who will probably toke-up this new area of S.T.T. callecting, were furnish a photo preview of some of the items thus far discovered.

NEW BRUNSWICK

This book contains receipts to value of \$2.00









This Book Contains Receipts to Value of \$2.00









## Photo Preview of Canadian S.T.T.'s

(Continued from previous page)

NEW BRUNSWICK

BRITISH COLUMBIA

This book contains receipts to value of \$1.00

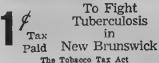


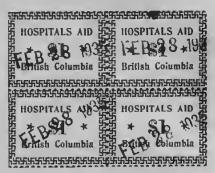






THIS IS YOUR RECEIPT





PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND





NOVA SCOTIA



### Photo Preview of Canadian S.T.T.'s

(Cantinued fram previous page)

**ALBERTA** 















(Cantinued an next page)

#### REFERENCES AVAILABLE

Far those members wha desire ta research the Canadian sales tax items in advance af the release af Jerry Bates' listing, the fallowing references are available:

- BNA Tapics, "The Tax Tickets of Canada" by Ed. Richardson (July-August 1963); available from A.T.T.S. Library, item number 122.
- Greens Catalag (af Christmas Seals and Charity Stamps); available fram Christmas Seal and Charity Stamp Saciety (cantact Jerry Bates for Society address).
   (Because the tax represented by several af the Canadian S.T.T.'s was used farTB research and care, there is some averlapping between sales tax takens and Christmas seals; in particular, nate items number 601-611 and 651-654).

#### QUEBEC

















#### SASKETCHEWAN





### The A.T.T.S. Library

When the creatian of the A.T.T.S. Library was begun, it was assumed that it would serve twa functions: first, it was to be a depository of all available information concerning sales tax, sales tax takens, and the collecting of sales tax items; ond, second, it was to serve as a lending library, allowing members to borrow S.T.T. reference works for a reasonable period of time at no cast. In its first function, the A.T.T.S. Library has been very successful—under the direction of A.T.T.S. Librarian Glyn Farber, the library has been developed into an excellent repository of S.T.T. information. On the second count, however, the library has failed to stimulate a significant amount of borrowing by members. This failure is due in great part to the failure of this newsletter to inform members of materials available through the A.T.T.S. Library; in an effort to rectify that situation, we are here listing the materials available through our library.

Members are encouraged to take advantage of our library lending system. Requests (by name and number of the item, please) for material should be sent to librarian Glyn Farber, 1618 15th Street, Lake Charles, LA 70601. Please give your membership number when requesting material.

- 101. Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine Sales Tax Takens (list) by Emil DiBella Feb. 1961
- 102. Numismatic Scrapboak Magazine Sales Tax Takens by Herbert E. Rawald Navember 1956
- 103. Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine Provisianal Sales Tax Takens of Illinais by Charles H. Lipsky July 1959
- 104. The Numismatist

  Mare Light an Sales Tax Takens
  by Jerry F. Schimmel
  Jan. 1971
- 105. Calcain News Sales Tax Tokens by Paul H. Hamm March 1957
- 106. State Revenue Catalog Ohia Sales Tax Section by Elbert S.A. Hubbard 1960
- 107. Unpublished List
  Missauri Mills
  by Dick Jahnsan
  January 1950
  (includes explanatory addendum
  by Jerry Schimmel)
- 108. Privately Published
  The Stary of the Illinois Pravisional
  Sales Tax Takens
  by Dick Jahnson
  1955

- 109. The State Revenue Newsletter
  A Sales Tax Sidelight: The Sherrill
  Caupan Methad
  by Jerry F. Schimmel
  Navember 1969
- 110. The State Revenue Newsletter Narth Caralina's Sales Tax Caupons by Jerry F. Schimmel September 1970
- 111. TAMS Jaurnal Thase Tax Takens: Numismatics, Philatelics ar What? by Jerry F. Schimmel August 1971
- 112. TAMS Jaurnal Sales Tax Takens: An Update by Jerry Bates June 1971
- 113. TAMS Jaurnal
  A Reading and Resaurce List an
  Sales Tax Items
  by Jerry F. Schimmel
  December 1969
- 114. TAMS Jaurnal
  Mare Reading an Tax Takens
  by Jerry F. Schimmel
  December 1970
- 115. The Sales & Use Tax: Its Origin and Backgraund in Mississippi thraugh 1965 Published by the Mississippi Tox Cammissian; by V.B. Wheeless

- 116. Our American Money Sales Tax Tokens by Joseph Coffin 1940
- 117. The Pathfinder Sales Tax May Force Minting of Fractional Coins Anonymous November 1935
- 118. A Check List of Sales Tax Tokens of the U.S. by George Magee, Jr. April 1936
- 119. Sales Tax Tokens. Draft Catalog of State Takens (thraugh Louisiana) and Sales Tax Newsletter, 1966 by Harold Schmal April 1966
- 120. Illinois Num. Assn. Coin Digest Sales Tox Tokens: An Update (I) by Jerry Bates Jonuary 1971
- 121. Illinois Num. Assn. Coin Digest Another Sales Tax Taken Forerunner by Rabert D. Leonard, Jr. April 1971
- 122. BNA Topics
  The Tax Tickets of Canada
  by Ed. Richardson
  July-August 1963
- 123. State Revenue Newsletter
  Ohio's Private Issue Sales Tax
  Cards
  by Jerry F. Schimmel
  Navember 1971
- 124. A paper presented to the Pacific Coost Numismatic Saciety: The Unsuccessful History of the Sales Tax Token in California by Jerry F. Schimmel November 1971
- 125. The Numismatist Jimmy's Penny by Harvey L. Hansen March 1934
- 126. The Numismatist
  State of Washington's 3% Sales
  Tax Tokens
  by Paul Fouts
  June 1941
- 128. The Numismotist
  Sales Tax Tokens and Ohio
  Coupons
  by Emil DiBella
  September 1940

- 128. The Numismatist (short articles)
  Two Coins Urged by President
  Roosevelt
  Same Sales Tax Tokens
  A Token Far One Mill
  Colorado Sales Tax Tokens
  Tax Tokens Not Money in Legol
  Sense
  Louisiana and Mississippi Tax
  Takens
  (authors unknown)
  1935 through 1941
- 129. Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine From California by Roy Hill June 1938
- 130. Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine Sales Tax Takens by Willis J. McKinney Octaber 1937
- 131. Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine State Tax Tokens by Emil DiBella June 1942
- 132. Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine Check List of Sales Tax Takens by Emil DiBella March 1944; Revised June 1944
- 133. Numismatic Scrapbaok Magazine (short articles)
  Illinais State Sales Tax Takens Kansas Bans Tax Tokens
  Takens Against Law
  Missouri Tax Tokens in Use
  New Washington Sales Tax Token
  Colorada Issues Fiber Takens
  Trial List of Ill. Tax Takens
  Redeem Louisiana Sales Tax Tokens
  Offers Infarmation an Sales Tax
  Tokens (DiBella)
  1935 through 1956
- 134. The State Revenue Newsletter Ohio's Private-Issue Sales Tax Cards by Jerry F. Schimmel Navember 1971
- 135. The State Revenue Newsletter
  Mare About Private Sales Tax
  Cards: California, Illinois, Iowa,
  and Kentucky
  by Jerry F. Schimmel
  March 1972

(Cantinued fram previous page)

- 136. The State Revenue Newsletter Ohia Nates by El Hubbard May 1970
- 137. The State Revenue Newsletter Ohio Addenda — Sales Tax — Merrick Lithagraph Ca. printings by O.R. Bloom January 1968
- 138. The State Revenue Newsletter Check List of Ohio Sales Tax Stamps: Reserve Litha Printings by El Hubbard September 1966
- 139. The State Revenue Newsletter Pennsylvania Odd Balls by Maurice Fox July 1970
- 140. The State Revenue Newsletter Michigan Sales Tax June 1963, February 1962, Oct. 1963, July 1962
- 141. The State Revenue Newsletter Ohia Addenda—Sales Tax—Calumbian Bank Note Ca. Printings Ohia Addenda—Sales Tax—Merrick Ohio Addenda—Sales Tax—Reserve by O.R. Bloom May 1969
- 142. The State Revenue Newsletter Michigon Addenda—Sales by C.A. Herman and El Hubbard January 1969
- 143. The State Revenue Newsletter State Revenue Addenda—Kentucky —Sales by El Hubbard May 1967
- 144. The State Revenue Newsletter (Short articles an Ohio Sales Tax) July 1961, May 1963, Navember 1961, August 1962, March 1962 July 1960, November 1960, April 1960
- 145. American Tax Token Saciety Check List and Guide to Sales Tax Tokens (Third Edition) by Emil DiBella 1972

# Welcome, New Members!

The membership applications of 14 new members have been reported by A.T.T.S. Secretary Charles L. Carter. A sincere (although belated) welcome to:

- Joseph E. Studebaker, Jr., 2614
   Legare St., Beaufort, SC 29902
   (Secretary)
- 14B. Mrs. Adalph B. Hill, Jr., 4944 Lindell Blvd., St. Louis, MO 6310B (Pfefferkorn)
- 149. David C. Strack, P.O. Box 24463, Seattle, WA 9B124 (Farber)
- 150. Lawrence S. Hopper, 5009 E. Walnut Drive, Des Maines, IA 50317 (Schimmel)
- 151. Lawrence C. Bolduc, Littleton Stamp & Coin Co., Inc., Littletan, NH 03561 (Sundman)
- 152. L. Donald Koontz, 5815 Sa. Huron St., Littletan, CO B0120 (Sec'y)
- 153. Ramond Burgin, 93 Oak St., Walden, NY 125B6 (Weilbacher)
- Dean Ahlberg, 3346 Cleveland St. N.E., Minneapalis, MN 5541B (Schimmel)
- 155. D.S. Kleckner, P.O. Box 64, Cadiz, OH 43907 (Di Bella)
- 156. K.V. Ashton, 1134 E. Elm St., Canton, IL 61520 (Di Bella)
- 157. George Horney, 541 Heather Ln., Bedford, OH 44146 (CW)
- 15B. E.D. Ebert, 2873 Ptarmigan Dr., #3 Walnut Creek, CA 94595 (Di Bella)
- 159. Leo J. Cole, Jr., 2100 Walfe Lane, Fart Smith, AR 72901 (CW)
- Gary Pipher, 92 Baker St., Jahnson City, NY 13790 (Di Bella)

#### CHANGES OF ADDRESS

Ray H. Carpenter, P.O. Box 1559, Los Gatos, CA 95030

Jefferey L. McFarland, 7280 Alegra Circle So., Apt. 1, Fountain, CO 80817

Glyn V. Farber, 1618 15th St., Lake Charles, LA 70601

# Livingston: Another Illinois Provisional?

by George Frakes

A photo study shows the similarity between the established Bunker Hill token and the Livingston token, which I recently discovered. They both have a beaded rim on both sides, with the Bunker Hill beads changing to near teardrops at the bottom of the obverse. They are olike in size, with the Livingston token being possibly a millimeter larger. The reverses appear identical, as if from the same dies—even to the filled 'A" in "STATES" on each token.

I would oppreciate receiving any information onyone might have about the Livingston taken. My address is P.O. Box 1427, Oceanside, CA 92054.







(Photos by Syd Joseph)

# Syd Joseph Official ATTS Photographer

There are several jobs within an organization such as A.T.T.S. that require the special talents and facilities of qualified volunteers. Thus a certain number of appointive positions have been established, such as those of librarian, publicity chairman, and newsletter editor. Syd Jaseph has been appointed to yet another vital position, that of Official A.T.T.S. Photographer. His duty will be to receive, photograph, and return any sales tax items which are to be illustrated in the A.T.T.S. Newsletter.

On occasion, the editor receives word of a new S.T.T. find. We will now be oble to request that the owner of that item send it to Syd, and to give Syd permission to photograph it at society cost for reproduction in the newsletter. Our sincere gratitude to Syd for his occeptance of this vital post.



Pictured here is Maverick 5, which was reported in the May-June 1971 edition of the A.T.T.S. Newsletter. To date, no one hos furnished any information which might lead to positive identification of the nature of this taken. Please send any clues you may have to the A.T.T.S. Editorial office.

(Photo by Syd Joseph)

# Reader Remembers When One Mill Tax Token Was Godsend

by Dick Wogner

(Reprinted with permissian fram the Tucson Daily Citizen, Tucsan, Arizana)

Few Arizonions remember the mill tox token. But the takens ore widely known.

Far Mr. M., a Tucson Daily Citizen reoder who prefers ananymity, this ane-tenth af o cent was the difference between food and hunger. In the summer af '41, 20-year-ald Mr. M. was troveling from Juarez ta Mexica City an National Roilways.

Food vendors sold rice and chicken tortillas far 10 cents from the platfarm through open roilway cor windows. Dusty and thungry, Mr. M. was broke. In his pants packet was a shiny aluminum mill, raughly dime size. It was not a fair exchange, but a hungry youth did eat and today a man remembers this tale as his link to the Arizana tax taken and one summer in Mexico.

Although takens were last issued in 1946, the Arizana State Tax Commission still receives letters about them. Bess Hooper, a graciaus secretary far the Commission, shawed me inquiries from Venturo, Calif., Braaklyn, N.Y., and Downsview, Ontaria. A wamon in Modison, Wis., faund a taken while digging in her garden. A man fram Sepulveda, Calif., searching for artifacts autside Ootman, Ariz., discavered one in the Goldraad dump. From Byran Center, Mich., came the news that ane was left in the persanal effects of that writer's lote grandfother.

V.L. Nielsan, executive secretory of the Arizano State Tax Commission since 1965, hos instructed that o basic fact sheet an Arizana takens be sent to the curious. Far the serious callectar, however, Nielson generausly shared his knowledge and the Tax Commission's file. Nielsan explained that in 1937, the Arizana legislature amended the 1935 Excise Revenue Act. That amendment authorized takens to be used in retail soles tax transactions. Many states, including Illinais, Missouri, and New Mexica, were then using takens. In penny-cansciaus depression days, taxpoyers complained of poying the same ane-cent tax on a 10-cent item that they paid an a 48-cent purchose. Businessmen were unhoppy that they were the scopegoats for the detested soles tax. Ta make the tax mare palatable to all, the taken permitted the division of a penny.

Millians af ane and five mill capper takens began circulating in Arizana in 1937. Aluminum ane mill pieces were issued in 1940 ond some zinc pieces in 1942. Wartime metal needs temporarily prevented any further issues. In late 1945, the Osborne Register Campany of Cincinati, Ohio, struck brass one and five mill takens far Arizana. Though received by the Tox Commission in early 1946, these were never circulaed.

Wartime prosperity reduced the public's concern obout o penny tox. All but a few of the new brass tokens rested in storage until sold far scrap in 1965.

The seol of the State of Arizona is on the one mill token. The seol was designed by Phoenix newspoper artist E.E. Matter in 1910. On the seol, the sun is rising over mountains in the background. On the right there is a storage reservair and dom, with irrigated fields and orchards in the fareground. A caw is shown grazing.

These symbols were meant to change the image of Arizono as a land of cactus, gilo monsters, and rottlesnokes. However, traditionalists did secure a quartz mill and a miner with his pick and shavel on the seal. The state motta, "Ditat Deus," means "Gad enriches."

The reverse af the mill tox taken shows a large numeral "1" encircled by the wards "Ta make change for carrect soles tax poyment."

## Unwanted Tax Token Thing of Beauty

by Dick Wogner

(Reprinted with permission from the Tucson Daily Citizen, Tucson, Arizono)

Saguoras dominate the desert depicted on the obverse of Arizano's five-mill sales tox taken.

This token is "really beautiful and outstanding and deserves a place in any collection, regardless whether one collects tokens or not," wrote Herbert Rowold in Numismotic Scropbook Mogazine, November, 1956. In Cain Collectar, May, 1967, David Ganz agreed. Ganz called the one ond five mill Arizono pieces, "undaubtedly the most beoutiful tox tokens ever cained."

Glistening copper in 1937, or olmost galden brass in 1946, the ottractive five mill token is without honor in its notive land. Declers refuse to buy it. Few collectars sove it

In the token's heyday, the lote 1930's and early 1940's, it was a public nuisance. Leon Levy, af Levy's in EL can, recolls the tokens as a "cantinual saurce af problems. While they were money, they weren't. The customers didn't wont them and neither did we." Herb Bloom, of Dove Bloom and Sans, concurred. "Tokens were a mess. Cosh registers had na place for them. Customers confused them with other coins and most people didn't core." Oliver K. Gorretson, naw retired from the University af Arizono, remembers that he "never bothered with them." Their public importance con perhaps be measured in Garretson's statement that he hadn't "the foggiest notian of where you got them ar what you did with them."

Though intended to save the toxpayers maney in retoil soles tax transactions, by 1943 takens were no longer in use. State low, hawever, required the tox commission ta have takens available. In 1945 the Osbarne Register company struck brass takens far Arizona. Most of those takens went into storage.

In May, 1965, the stote sold its taken hard. An estimated 2.6 million pieces, weighing 5.6 tons (mastly uncirculated brass), were auctioned. Gordan Jones, of Phoenix, purchased the lot for \$2,312.20. Jones haped to sell the tokens to callectors ocross the country. Response ta on ad in Cain World, a national hobby poper, proved disappointing. Reluctantly, Jones sold the bulk of his purchase ta Newell Salvage af Phaenix for scrop.

The designer of the lovely five mill Arizana tox taken is unknown. The reverse of the token shaws a large 5 with the words "To moke chonge far correct sales tox poyment."

(Editor's note: the following infarmational outlines of the Arizana ane and five mill sales tax tokens are briefs of the longer paper authored by A.T.I.S. member J. Richard Wagner. Mr. Wagner's new firm, Collector's Choice, affers a set of the brass pieces as a bonus to those joining its "Collector-Investor Pragram." Further details of this affer, and of the camplete Arizana S.I.T. paper, are available from Mr. Wagner at P.O. Box 3413, Tucson, AZ 85722)



### Arizona One Mill Tax Token

#### I. OBVERSE

State seal encircled by rays and the words "Arizona State Tax Commission." Ordinarily, the seal is surrounded by the inscription, "Great seal af the state of Arizona 1912." (Arizona joined the Union in 1912.) The design of the seal details a range of mauntains in the bockgraund with a sun rising and shining on a starage reservoir, dom, archards, irrigated fields aid cattle grazing in the foreground. A quartz mill and a miner and his pick and shovel are also present. It was hoped that these symbols would change the image of Arizona os a land of cactus, rottlesnokes, and gilo monsters. In 1910, a Phoenix newspaper artist designed this seal. The state's motto, "Ditat Deus" (God enriches), is chested on the seal.

#### II. REVERSE

Numerol 1, surrounded by the words, "TO MAKE CHANGE FOR CORRECT SALES TAX PAYMENT."

#### III. HISTORY

See the information sheet on the Arizona five mill token far copsule history.

#### IV. VITAL STATISTICS

Mint: Osborne Register Co. (Cincinati, Ohio)

Designer: E.E. Motter

Composition: Copper, Aluminum, Zinc, Brass

Diameter: 16mm

Edge: Ploin

ISSUE	YEARS	MINTAGE	CIRC. VALUE	UNC. VALUE
Copper	1937-39, 1940	7,500,000	\$ .10	\$ .50
Aluminum	1939-1940	4,000,000	.10	.50
Zinc	1941-1942	2,200,000	.20	1.50
Bross	1945	2,100,000	***	1.50

(Only a little over 100,000 brass pieces were saved fram the meltingpot in 1965)

#### V. PROBABLE PRICE APPRECIATION

Minimal gain until tox token collections gain popularity. This will take a catalogue with volues. Uncirculated brass takens should have the best income future if collectors turn to sales tox tokens.

#### VI. REFERENCES

See the information sheet on the Arizona five mill token.



### Arizona Five Mill Tax Token

#### I. OBVERSE

Desert scene, dominated by large sohuaro cactus, and encircled by the words, "Arizono State Tox Commission."

#### II REVERSE

Numeral 5, surrounded by the words, "TO MAKE CHANGE FOR CORRECT SALES TAX PAYMENT."

#### III. HISTORY

To prevent overchorges reloted to the 2% soles tox, the Arizono Legislature, in May, 1937, outhorized the use of tox tokens. These permitted the cent to be split, on important consideration to the thrifty in depression days. Tox tokens become popular souvenirs, fodder for vending machines, and were confused with minor coinage. Merchants and public alike quickly considered them a nuisance. The original one mill tokens were copper, but cost foctors forced conversion to aluminum in 1939. Aluminum quickly went on the defense priority list, and the next major issue was zinc. Five mill tokens remained copper from 1937 to 1942. In the

major issue was zinc. Five mill tokens remained copper from 1937 to 1942. In the wor years, sales tox tokens disappeared from Arizono cammerce. A new issue of bross one ond five mill pieces, received in early 1946, never ochieved more than o limited circulation. The public ignored tox tokens. In 1954, the Legislature outhorization for tokens was stricken from the records, and, in 1965, the "white elephont" bross tokens were sold for scrop. Only a little over 100,000 pieces of each denomination were saved.

#### IV. VITAL STATISTICS

Mint: Osborne Register Co. (Cincinoti, Ohio)

Designer: Unknown

Composition: Copper, Bross

Diometer: 23 mm Edge: Ploin

ISSUE	YEARS	MINTAGE	CIRC. VALUE	UNC. VALUE
Copper	1937-1942	2,500,000	\$ .25	\$ <i>75</i>
Bross	1945	550,000	60 to to	1.50

#### V. PROBABLE PRICE APPRECIATION

See the information sheet on the Arizono one mill token.

#### VI. REFERENCES

Rowold, Herbert E., "Sales Tox Tokens," Numismotic Scropbook Mogozine, Vol. XXII, No. 11 (November 1956), pp. 1921-1933.

Wogner, J. Richard, "Arizono Money: The State Sales Tox Token 1937-45," (forthcoming).

#### ATTS Auction No. 5

After a successful A.T.T.S. Auctian Number Three-ond-One-Holf, Treosurer George Frakes onnaunces the apening af A.T.T.S. Auctian Number Five. All bids shauld be accampanied by the bidder's membership number, and must be in Gearge's hands by December 1, 1972. Gearge's address is P.O. Box1427, Oceanside, CA 92054.

Lat 501: (1) 1963 10¢ proof;

Lat 502: (1) 1963 25¢ proof

Lat 503: (1) 1957 50¢ proof

Lat 504: (1) 1963 50¢ proof

Lat 505: (1) Wash. fiber S.T.T., an 14¢ ar less, f circ.

Lat 506: (1) 1967 Lavender penny (o decal), 3% E pluribus tox 'em 3-inch circle

#### Tooting Our Own Horn

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, has requested that capies of the A.T.T.S. Newsletter, beginning with Val. I, Na. 1, be sent to its Acquisitions Section. We ore proud that our publication is worthy of the Society's interest.

We are also pleased to find that a few members have purchased on extra capy of the Di Bella backlet with the purpase of danating that capy to their local library. Not a bad way to stir up some interest in S.T.T.'s among those who look in the cain backs section of the library.

HAVE YOU MAILED IN YOUR BALLOT YET?

### Maverick Identified

by Jerry Schimmel

The brass taken from the bar "Daersom's" in Calumbus, Ohia (Maverick Na. 2, listed in A.T.T.S. Newsletter, Val. 1, Na. 1), with its  $5\phi$  denomination, is o narmal trade check. Under an Ohia Tox Cammissian ruling, this kind af taken prabobly fell under the heading "Vaucher Baaks, Thrift Boaks, and Similior Coupan Baoks." In 1936, the regulations read, "Vauchers...which entitle the purchaser...to trade at different retail establishments, shall be treated as maney and the tax shall attach to all transfers through the use of these vauchers, using as a tax basis the maney value of the caupan or vaucher. No tox shall be collected on the sole of the vaucher books ...gaad anly at the place of business of the vendar issuing them."

It was required in the early days of the soles tax law that all such items bear the merchant's sales tox number and the statement that tax had been prepaid. Mr. Diersam probably had to get the Tox Cammissian's o.k. ta give out his "roin checks." At ony rote, when the customer wonted to redeem his nickel taken far o beer (if that's what it would buy), then he had to pay soles tax olang with it. This meant using one of the punch cards that ane baught for 3¢ (which were Ohia's "sales tax takens"). One can imagine how many bar tokens were ever redeemed by Daersam under these circumstonces. Loter commission rulings were less restrictive.

#### CANADIAN SALES TAX RECEIPTS

. At long last, I have been able to ocquire a small supply of them in Full Pones af 4 with the tap tob. Catalog numbers and values are fram Green's TB Seals af the World ('66 edition and '71 Supplement). Values are far singles, and generally a full pane with the tap tab is figured at 5 times a single; but I have figured any 4 times a single, and then cut that dawn to my selling price.

NEW	BRUNSWICK		Selling Price
*603	3.00		11.00
604	4.00		14.00
605	.75		2.75
. 606	.75	An error (606.1 at 2.50) occurs In position 3 on each pane; Tobacco is spelled "Tobacco"	4.25
607	1.00		3.50
608	.50	Pane size is 140 x 51mm	1.75
608	.50	Pane size is 135 x 51mm	1.75
609	.50		1.75
610	.50		1.75
611	1.50		5.50
PRINC	E EOWARD I	SLANO	
*651.3	.75		2.75
652.4	.75	on smooth paper	2.75
652.4	.75	on coarse paper	2.75
°652.5	5.00		18.00
653.2	.75		2.75
653.2	.75	different shade on different shade paper	2.75
*654	2.00		7.50
			07.05

\*(less than 5 in stock). Single panes of the 13 different will be sald seperately at prices shown above.

Some of these pones show a watermark or piece of a watermark, which is a mare valuable pane, but they will be sent, without additional charge, while they last, ta first arders received. SO--first came, first served. (If you have samething I can use, am apen to trade affers.)

JERRY BATES

BOX 777

ST. CHARLES, MO 63301

## Trading Post

One free ad per member every-ather issue Twenty-five ward limit.

TRADE my bross taken, "Sales Tax Taken/One/Mill/1972", Rv.: "Jerry F. Schimmel/Souvenir/1/10/Cent/Son Froncisco, Colif." Only 200 mode. Wont better tax, Calif. Trade, Lotin Am., and English takens. J.F.S., Bax 40888, San Francisca, CA 94140

Food stomp change coupons, due bills and tokens wanted, from any store or gracery chain. Will buy ar trade. Mrs. Mary L. Wright, Bax 211, Potamac, IL 61865

LEFLORE COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, Wooden Nickels far trade far anything and stamped self-addressed envelape. Jae M. Erber, Bax 1235, Greenwood, MS 38930

My wife still callects small china egg cups, and I'm still affering a minimum af 15 tokens (various types) far each egg cup she can use far her collection. Ernie Altvoter, 607 N. Oronge Ave., Azuso, CA 91702.

DEADLINE FOR NEXT ISSUE IS DECEMBER 1, 1972. SEND ALL MATERIAL TO A.T.T.S. EDITORIAL OFFICE, 607 NORTH ORANGE AVE., AZUSA, CA 917902.

# a.T.T.S. Newsletter

The Official Jaurnal Of
The American Tax Token Society
ANA C-69092 TAMS 2334

Volume 2, Number 5

November-December, 1972

# Types of Ohio Prepaid Receipts

By Jerry Schimmel

The receipts used in Ohia fram 1935 through 1961 are a camplex series and aften require many callectar haurs ta sort and classify. The discussian below, while not exhaustive, is meant to help in this regard. Where I could, I have tried to relate the types to the listings of Emil DiBella (refer to third edition, published by A.T.T.S. Editorial Office). The collector should note that the receipts have traditionally been callected by the contracting printer's imprint found at the bottom of the receipt. Receipt denominations are as fallows: 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 30, and 60 cents, \$1.50, \$3.00, and \$15.00, although not all receipt types came in all values.



TYPE A

This type is printed in one calar of ink per denomination and has no control letters ar serial numbers. The paper calar is buff and the safety paper design reads "OHIO." Varieties include perfaration, hyphen-hale perfaration, and rauletting, large and small cantrator's imprints, or no imprint at all. Printers: Calumbian, Reserve, Simpson, Strabridge, and Superior.

DI BELLA: Cal. I & II; Res. I & II; Sim. I; Stra. I; Sup. II.

#### TYPE B

The design of Type B is the same as Type A, but two calars of Ink are used on each (Cantinued on next page)

#### (Cantinued fram previous page)

denamination, and cantral letters and serial numbers are intraduced between the halves. Varieties include arange, white, ar grey paper, large ar small imprints, plain ar safety designed paper, and perfarated ar rauletted separations. Printers: Calumbia, Reserve, Superiar.

DI BELLA: Cal. III, IV, V; Res. IV, V, & VI; Sup. I.



#### TYPE C

Twa calars of ink are also used in this type, as well as serial numbers and control letters. Varieties include arange, yellow, blue, and grey paper, with and without safety design. Separations can be perfarated, pinhale perfarated, hyphenhale perfarated, ar rouletted. The landscape scene in the state seal of the American issues is samewhat different from other printers' versions. Printers: American, Calumbian, Merrick, Reserve.

DI BELLA: Cal. VI & VII; Mer. I; Res. VII; American.



TYPE D

Twa calars of ink are used here, along with cantral letters and serial numbers. Sun (Cantinued an next page)

#### (Continued from previous page)

and roys are both visable in the state seal, and separations are hyphen-hale perforated and rouletted. Printers: Columbian, Reserve.

DI BELLA: (none listed).

#### TYPE E

Type E receipts are the same os Type D, except that they are monocolor and there are no serial numbers ar control letters. Printer: Reserve.

DI BELLA: Res. VII.



TYPE F

A type very similior to Type D, except that there is no sun visable over the mountains in the state seal. Serial numbers and control letters are used and separations are rauletted only. Paper is plain or with safety design. Printer: Merrick. DI BELLA: Mer. II.



#### TYPE G

Similior to Type F, but the receipts are monocolor ond hove no seriol number or cantrol letter. Paper is ploin without any safety design, and comes in pasted green or

(Cantinued on next page)

postel blue. Printer: Merrick. DI BELLA: Mer. III.



#### TYPE H

Only one ink calor is used an a Type H receipt, and there is no cantral number or serial number. The paper is plain without any safety design, and cames in two shades, pastel green and pastel blue. Printer: Reserve.

DI BELLA: Res. IX.

# Ohio Receipts Available

The beginning collectar of Ohia sales tax receipts would do well to take advantage of the following affers:

ROBERT LYNN, 16606 N. 31st St., #64, Phoenix, AZ 85032, affers a free Ohio receipt pair, 3¢ green an light blue (DiBella lists it as Reserve IX) far a stamped, self-oddressed envelape.

ERNIE ALTVATER, 607 N. Orange Avenue, Azusa, CA 91702, affers a free handful af assarted cansumers halves far a stamped, self-addressed envelope.

JERRY SCHIMMEL, P.O. Box 40888, San Francisco, CA 94140, annuances that an ossartment of Ohia consumer halves (8 ar 9 different) has been danated to ATTS by Mr. George 8radner through Mrs. Thamas of SRTC. 8y sending o stamped, self-addressed envelope to Jerry, you will get a packet of twenty-five (sarry, no chaice).

Alsa, several members of ATTS occasionally trade or sell the Ohia halves and poirs. Cansult the paid ads and Trading Post ods an the back page of each ATTS Newsletter (including back issues) far sell and trade affers.

DEADLINE FOR NEXT ISSUE IS JANUARY 2, 1973

#### Treasury Answers Question

# Were Sales Tax Tokens Legal?

By George Frakes

"Were sales tox tokens legol?" When I posed this question to the General Counof the Treosury, this was his onswer:

The states concerned were advised that, "It would be unlowful for any ogency other than the Federal Government to issue pieces or takens to make change in connection with soles taxes."

Article I, Section 10, Clouse I of the U.S. Constitution prohibits stotes from coining money or emitting bills of credit. (Within the sense of the Constitution, bills of credit ore o poper medium of exchange, which would today be defined as currency). The two provisions are inter-related in that they prohibit states from issuing money, whether in the form of coin or of currency.

There have been no court decisions indicating that any medium of exchange issued by a state to circulate for the ordinary purposes of society is intended to circulate as money, and is therefore unconstitutional. Among the factors stressed by the courts in ruling that a medium was not intended to circulate as money were lock of redeembility and severe restrictions in the purposes for which it might be used. Thus, a taken issued solely for payment of taxes, and not otherwise redeemable, would not fall within the legal definition of "money."

The unconstitutionality of a particular token would, of course, be a question to be decided by the courts. No case of a sales tax token circulated for use as money or carrying a legend indicating that it is redeemable as U.S. money, or in U.S. money, has come to the attention of the Treosury.

### More Token Trouble

(Editor's note: As George Froke's orticle, "Were Soles Tox Tokens Legol?" indicates, there was for a time in the history of sales tox tokens a serious controversy over the legolity of the unpopular tokens. The following editorial, from the July 26, 1935, edition of the Thurston County Independent, of Tenino, Washington, reflects that controversy.)

The fiosco of the state tokens received its finishing touch this week when the treasury department ruled that the tokens are not legal in conflict with the Constitution of the United States, which bars coinage by the state. The point was roised in this editorial column last April, before they were issued. We can not understand how the Tox Commission could ignore the simple statement in the Constitution, even though the New Deal has not shown much regard for it.

(Continued on next page)

The soles tax law is now located in the geographical pasition cammonly known as between the devil and the deep blue sea. The law provides that the custamer must poy two per cent on purchases, but the levy on less than fifty cents is less than a cent. With takens due to get the axe, the method of making this fractional cent change becames a problem.

The news report states that the government is cansidering issuing a mill coin for states taking up the sales tox scheme. Illinois and some other states are foced with the problem thru (sic) which the State of Woshington has been plunging. The Congress may arder such a cain, or coins, altho (sic) the history of add currency has not been satisfactory. Half cent, two cent, three cent and twenty cent pieces losted only a few years and resulted in mare canfusian than canvenience. If the fractional cent coins are issued, we in this state will prefer two-mill pieces to take the place of the fifth of a cent takens which are destined for melting into samething mare useful and legal. That means at least two small coins should be issued, a tenth and a fifth of a cent, to meet the demands of the tax-extractors.

The immediate fote of the pesky taken is prablematical. They will probably be used until something else is worked out, but the State Supreme Caurt is due to oct on the measure befare lang and will prabably abject to at least the taken feature. The emergency may be met, just as we Tenina business people met the issue an May 1 by issuing aur own waaden taken, but any system will create a cansiderable amount af inconvenience and dissatisfaction. Individuals may get out their own takens, which, we believe are legal, each being in effect a pramissory nate far a fifth at a cent, and redeemable for that amount. Then, too, a cord worth a dollar might be sold by the state, with the customer presenting one at each purchase to be punched for the amount of the tax. All of which will be even mare of a nuisance.

When will the people reolize that the way to escope the problems of toxation is to quit spending so darn much money?

### Newsletter Goals Set for Volume 3

A survey of Volumes 1 and 2 af the ATTS Newsletter will shaw that the majority af article space has been cloimed by excellent orticles by Jerry Botes and Jerry Schimmel. These two gentlemen are acknowledged experts in many phoses of soles tax tokens. Volume 3 of this newsletter will continue to include knowledgeble articles by both Jerrys, but will also include more articles by other members. Included in the membership of this society are many collectors who have become familiar with (if not experts on) specific areas of the S.T.T. field through their own personal interest and research into those areas; it will be the intent of this newsletter to encourage these members to share their research, knowledge, and experiences in porticular areas of the S.T.T. field with other members.

If you are such an "unacknowledged expert" (and chances are good that you are), please consider sharing your knowledge during the coming year. By writing an article for the ATTS Newsletter you'll not only be aiding other collectors in their effarts to gain knowledge of the entire S.T.T. field, you will probably also find it an enjayable experience.

# Welcome, New Members

ATTS Secretary Charles L. Corter reports that as of December 1, 1972, there were six new applicants far membership. They are:

- 161 John J. Muth, Box 7B4, Crosby, TX 77532 (Secretary).
- 162 Cliff Ikenberry, RR #2, Boldwin City, KS 66006 (Di Bello).
- 163 R. Hartzog, P.O. Box 4143ES, Rockford, IL 61110 (Schimmel).
- 164 Joseph Schmidt, Owen & Schmidt, P.O. Box 471, Bensenville, IL 60106 (Secty).
- 165 Lewis K. Knight, Box B86, Ralls, TX 79357 (Di Bello).
- 166 E.A. Gudus, 1013 Sauth 10th Avenue, Arcadia, CA 91006 (Secretory). CHANGE OF ADDRESS:

Jay A. Parrish, P.O. Box 1616, Poscogoulo, MS 39567.

Richard E. Lone, 5716 Salokonum Woy, Bellingham, WA 98225.



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